

CITY OF MONROE
ORDINANCE NO. 022/2016

AN ORDINANCE OF THE CITY OF MONROE, WASHINGTON, AMENDING MONROE MUNICIPAL CODE TITLE 15 (BUILDINGS AND CONSTRUCTION), TITLE 17 (SUBDIVISIONS), TITLE 18 (PLANNING AND ZONING) AND TITLE 20 (ENVIRONMENT) IMPLEMENTING THE FEDERAL CLEAN WATER ACT NATIONAL POLLUTANT DISCHARGE ELIMINATION SYSTEM PHASE II REQUIREMENTS AND MAKING OTHER MINOR CODE REVISIONS; PROVIDING FOR SEVERABILITY; AND ESTABLISHING AN EFFECTIVE DATE

WHEREAS, the Federal Clean Water Act sets a national goal to "restore and maintain the chemical, physical, and biological integrity of the nation's water" and prohibits the discharge of pollutants from any point source; and

WHEREAS, the U. S. Environmental Protection Act initiated NPDES Phase II requirements under the Federal Clean Water Act for small municipal separate storm sewer systems in 2003; and

WHEREAS, the NPDES Phase II permit requires permittees to revise development codes and standards to make low impact development the preferred and commonly-used approach to development; and

WHEREAS, the NPDES Phase II permit requirements include adoption of stormwater regulations equivalent to the Stormwater Management Manual for Western Washington; and

WHEREAS, pursuant to the State Environmental Policy Act (SEPA), the City issued a Determination of Non-Significance (DNS) on the low impact development code and other miscellaneous revisions on September 27, 2016; and

WHEREAS, in accordance with RCW 36.70A.106, the proposed amendments were transmitted to the Washington State Department of Commerce for State agency review on September 28, 2016; and

WHEREAS, Monroe Municipal Code (MMC) subsection 21.20.040(B) requires that amendments to the subdivision code, zoning code, and environmental code (MMC Titles 17 through 20) require Planning Commission review and recommendation; and

WHEREAS, the Monroe Planning Commission received a briefing on the proposed low impact development code revisions on September 12, 2016, held a duly noticed public hearing on October 10, 2016, and deliberated on October 24, 2016; and

WHEREAS, following the public hearing and deliberation, on October 24, 2016, the Planning Commission adopted findings and recommended amendments related to low impact development code revisions as well as other miscellaneous code amendments; and

WHEREAS, on November 15, and December 6, 2016, the City Council considered the recommendation of the Planning Commission.

NOW THEREFORE, THE CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF MONROE DO ORDAIN AS FOLLOWS:

Section 1. Findings. The City Council hereby adopts the Planning Commission's October 24, 2016 findings, the above recitals, and the content of Agenda Bill No. 16-161 as legislative findings in support of this ordinance.

Section 2. Amendment of MMC Chapter 15.01. Monroe Municipal Code Chapter 15.01, Storm Water Management, is hereby amended as follows:

**Chapter 15.01
STORM WATER MANAGEMENT**

Sections:

- 15.01.010 Purpose.
- 15.01.015 **Repealed**[EXEMPTIONS].
- 15.01.020 **Repealed**[DEFINITIONS].
- 15.01.025 Stormwater Management Manual adopted.**
- 15.01.030 **Repealed**[GENERAL PROVISIONS].
- 15.01.040 **Repealed**[APPLICABILITY OF THE MINIMUM REQUIREMENTS].
- 15.01.042 **Repealed**[REGULATED ACTIVITIES AND ALLOWED ACTIVITIES].
- 15.01.045 **Repealed**[MINIMUM REQUIREMENTS].
- 15.01.050 **Repealed**[CONSTRUCTION — STORM — WATER — POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN (SWPPP) ELEMENTS].
- 15.01.055 **Repealed**[EROSIVITY WAIVER].
- 15.01.065 **Repealed**[ADJUSTMENTS].
- 15.01.077 **Repealed**[BASIN/WATERSHED PLANNING].
- 15.01.080 Administration.
- 15.01.090 Enforcement.
- 15.01.100 **Repealed**[EXCEPTIONS].
- 15.01.110 Severability.

15.01.010 Purpose.

The primary stormwater management objective is to use low impact development, where feasible, to approximate the pre-development (native) forested hydrologic condition over the full range of rainfall intensities and durations.~~[THE PROVISIONS OF THIS CHAPTER ARE INTENDED TO GUIDE AND ADVISE ALL WHO CONDUCT NEW DEVELOPMENT OR REDEVELOPMENT WITHIN THE CITY OF MONROE. THE PROVISIONS OF THIS CHAPTER ESTABLISH THE MINIMUM LEVEL OF COMPLIANCE WHICH MUST BE MET TO PERMIT A PROPERTY TO BE DEVELOPED OR REDEVELOPED WITHIN THE CITY OF MONROE.]~~ It is the purpose of this chapter to:

~~OF THIS CHAPTER ARE INTENDED TO GUIDE AND ADVISE ALL WHO CONDUCT NEW DEVELOPMENT OR REDEVELOPMENT WITHIN THE CITY OF MONROE. THE PROVISIONS OF THIS CHAPTER ESTABLISH THE MINIMUM LEVEL OF COMPLIANCE WHICH MUST BE MET TO PERMIT A PROPERTY TO BE DEVELOPED OR REDEVELOPED WITHIN THE CITY OF MONROE.]~~ It is the purpose of this chapter to:

- A. Minimize water quality degradation and sedimentation in streams, ponds, lakes, wetlands and other water bodies;
- B. Minimize the impact of increased runoff, erosion and sedimentation caused by land development and maintenance practices;
- C. Maintain and protect groundwater resources;
- D. Minimize adverse impacts of alterations on ground and surface water quantities, locations and flow patterns;
- E. Decrease potential landslide, flood and erosion damage to public and private property;
- F. Promote site planning and construction practices that are consistent with natural topographical, vegetational and hydrological conditions;
- G. Maintain and protect the storm water management infrastructure within the city of Monroe and downstream;
- H. Provide a means of regulating clearing and grading of private and public land while minimizing water quality impacts in order to protect public health and safety; and
- I. Provide minimum development regulations and construction procedures which will preserve, replace or enhance, to the maximum extent practicable, existing vegetation to preserve and enhance the natural qualities of lands, wetlands and water bodies.

15.01.015 Repealed[EXEMPTIONS].

~~[A. FOREST PRACTICES. FOREST PRACTICES REGULATED UNDER WAC TITLE 222, EXCEPT FOR CLASS IV GENERAL FOREST PRACTICES THAT ARE CONVERSIONS FROM TIMBER LAND TO OTHER USES, ARE EXEMPT FROM THE PROVISIONS OF THE MINIMUM REQUIREMENTS.~~

~~B. COMMERCIAL AGRICULTURE. COMMERCIAL AGRICULTURE PRACTICES INVOLVING WORKING THE LAND FOR PRODUCTION ARE GENERALLY EXEMPT.~~

~~HOWEVER, THE CONVERSION FROM TIMBERLAND TO AGRICULTURE AND THE CONSTRUCTION OF IMPERVIOUS SURFACES ARE NOT EXEMPT.~~

~~C. OIL AND GAS FIELD ACTIVITIES OR OPERATIONS. CONSTRUCTION OF DRILLING SITES, WASTE MANAGEMENT PITS, AND ACCESS ROADS, AS WELL AS CONSTRUCTION OF TRANSPORTATION AND TREATMENT INFRASTRUCTURE SUCH AS PIPELINES, NATURAL GAS TREATMENT PLANTS, NATURAL GAS PIPELINE COMPRESSOR STATIONS, AND CRUDE OIL PUMPING STATIONS ARE EXEMPT. OPERATORS ARE ENCOURAGED TO IMPLEMENT AND MAINTAIN BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES TO MINIMIZE EROSION AND CONTROL SEDIMENT DURING AND AFTER CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES TO HELP ENSURE PROTECTION OF SURFACE WATER QUALITY DURING STORM EVENTS.~~

~~D. ROAD MAINTENANCE. THE FOLLOWING ROAD MAINTENANCE PRACTICES ARE EXEMPT: POT HOLE AND SQUARE CUT PATCHING, OVERLAYING EXISTING ASPHALT OR CONCRETE PAVEMENT WITH ASPHALT OR CONCRETE WITHOUT EXPANDING THE AREA OF COVERAGE, SHOULDER GRADING, RESHAPING/REGRA DING DRAINAGE SYSTEMS, CRACK SEALING, RESURFACING WITH IN-KIND MATERIAL WITHOUT EXPANDING THE ROAD PRISM, AND VEGETATION MAINTENANCE.~~

~~THE FOLLOWING ROAD MAINTENANCE PRACTICES ARE CONSIDERED REDEVELOPMENT, AND THEREFORE ARE NOT CATEGORICALLY EXEMPT. THE EXTENT TO WHICH THIS CHAPTER APPLIES IS EXPLAINED FOR EACH CIRCUMSTANCE.~~

~~1. REMOVING AND REPLACING A PAVED SURFACE TO BASE COURSE OR LOWER, OR REPAIRING THE ROADWAY BASE: IF IMPERVIOUS SURFACES ARE NOT EXPANDED, MINIMUM REQUIREMENTS NO. 1 THROUGH 5 APPLY. HOWEVER, IN MOST CASES, ONLY MINIMUM REQUIREMENT NO. 2, CONSTRUCTION STORM WATER POLLUTION PREVENTION, WILL BE GERMANE. WHERE APPROPRIATE, PROJECT PROPONENTS ARE ENCOURAGED TO LOOK FOR OPPORTUNITIES TO USE PERMEABLE AND POROUS PAVEMENTS.~~

~~2. EXTENDING THE PAVEMENT EDGE WITHOUT INCREASING THE SIZE OF THE ROAD PRISM, OR PAVING GRAVELED SHOULDERS: THESE ARE CONSIDERED NEW IMPERVIOUS SURFACES AND ARE SUBJECT TO THE MINIMUM REQUIREMENTS THAT ARE TRIGGERED WHEN THE THRESHOLDS IDENTIFIED FOR REDEVELOPMENT PROJECTS ARE MET.~~

~~3. RESURFACING BY UPGRADING FROM DIRT TO GRAVEL, ASPHALT, OR CONCRETE; UPGRADING FROM GRAVEL TO ASPHALT, OR CONCRETE; OR UPGRADING FROM A BITUMINOUS SURFACE TREATMENT ("CHIP SEAL") TO ASPHALT OR CONCRETE: THESE ARE CONSIDERED NEW IMPERVIOUS SURFACES AND ARE SUBJECT TO THE MINIMUM REQUIREMENTS THAT ARE TRIGGERED WHEN THE THRESHOLDS IDENTIFIED FOR REDEVELOPMENT PROJECTS ARE MET.~~

~~E. UNDERGROUND UTILITY PROJECTS. UNDERGROUND UTILITY PROJECTS THAT REPLACE THE GROUND SURFACE WITH IN-KIND MATERIAL OR MATERIALS WITH SIMILAR RUNOFF CHARACTERISTICS ARE ONLY SUBJECT TO MINIMUM REQUIREMENT NO. 2, CONSTRUCTION STORM WATER POLLUTION PREVENTION.~~

~~ALL OTHER NEW DEVELOPMENT IS SUBJECT TO ONE OR MORE OF THE MINIMUM REQUIREMENTS (SEE MMC 15.01.040).]~~

15.01.020 Repealed[DEFINITIONS].

~~[FOR THE PURPOSE OF THIS CHAPTER, THE FOLLOWING DEFINITIONS SHALL APPLY:~~

~~“APPROVAL” MEANS THE PROPOSED WORK OR COMPLETED WORK CONFORMS TO THIS CHAPTER IN THE OPINION OF THE ADMINISTRATOR.~~

~~“ARTERIAL” MEANS A ROAD OR STREET PRIMARILY FOR THROUGH TRAFFIC. A MAJOR ARTERIAL CONNECTS AN INTERSTATE HIGHWAY TO CITIES AND COUNTIES. A MINOR ARTERIAL CONNECTS MAJOR ARTERIALS TO COLLECTORS. A COLLECTOR CONNECTS AN ARTERIAL TO A NEIGHBORHOOD. A COLLECTOR IS NOT AN ARTERIAL. A LOCAL ACCESS ROAD CONNECTS INDIVIDUAL HOMES TO A COLLECTOR.~~

~~“AS GRADED” MEANS THE EXTENT OF SURFACE CONDITIONS ON COMPLETION OF GRADING.~~

~~“BASIN PLAN” MEANS A PLAN AND ALL IMPLEMENTING REGULATIONS AND PROCEDURES INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO LAND USE MANAGEMENT ADOPTED BY ORDINANCE FOR MANAGING SURFACE AND STORM WATER MANAGEMENT FACILITIES AND FEATURES WITHIN INDIVIDUAL SUB-BASINS.~~

~~“BEDROCK” MEANS THE MORE OR LESS SOLID ROCK IN PLACE EITHER ON OR BENEATH THE SURFACE OF THE EARTH. IT MAY BE SOFT, MEDIUM, OR HARD AND HAVE A SMOOTH OR IRREGULAR SURFACE.~~

~~“BENCH” MEANS A RELATIVELY LEVEL STEP EXCAVATED INTO EARTH MATERIAL ON WHICH FILL IS TO BE PLACED.~~

~~“BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICE” OR “BMP” MEANS PHYSICAL, STRUCTURAL, AND/OR MANAGERIAL PRACTICES THAT, WHEN USED SINGLY OR IN COMBINATION, PREVENT OR REDUCE POLLUTION OF WATER. BMPS ARE LISTED AND DESCRIBED IN THE MANUAL.~~

~~“CERTIFIED EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL LEAD (CESCL)” MEANS AN INDIVIDUAL WHO HAS CURRENT CERTIFICATION THROUGH AN APPROVED EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL TRAINING PROGRAM THAT MEETS THE MINIMUM TRAINING STANDARDS ESTABLISHED BY THE DEPARTMENT (SEE BMP G160 IN THE STORMWATER MANAGEMENT MANUAL FOR WESTERN WASHINGTON (2005)). A CESCL IS KNOWLEDGEABLE IN THE PRINCIPLES AND PRACTICES OF EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL. THE CESCL MUST HAVE THE SKILLS TO ASSESS SITE CONDITIONS AND CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES THAT COULD IMPACT THE QUALITY OF STORM WATER AND THE EFFECTIVENESS OF EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL MEASURES USED TO CONTROL THE QUALITY OF STORM WATER DISCHARGES. CERTIFICATION IS OBTAINED THROUGH AN ECOLOGY APPROVED EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL COURSE. COURSE LISTINGS ARE PROVIDED ONLINE AT ECOLOGY’S WEBSITE.~~

~~“CIVIL ENGINEER” MEANS A PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER LICENSED IN THE STATE OF WASHINGTON IN CIVIL ENGINEERING WHO IS EXPERIENCED AND KNOWLEDGEABLE IN THE PRACTICE OF SOILS ENGINEERING.~~

~~“CIVIL ENGINEERING” MEANS THE APPLICATION OF THE KNOWLEDGE OF THE FORCES OF NATURE, PRINCIPLES OF MECHANICS AND THE PROPERTIES OF MATERIALS TO THE EVALUATION, DESIGN AND CONSTRUCTION OF CIVIL WORKS FOR THE BENEFICIAL USES OF MANKIND.~~

~~“CLEARING” MEANS THE DESTRUCTION AND REMOVAL OF VEGETATION BY MANUAL, MECHANICAL, OR CHEMICAL METHODS.~~

~~“COMMERCIAL AGRICULTURE” MEANS THOSE ACTIVITIES CONDUCTED ON LANDS DEFINED IN RCW 84.34.020(2), AND ACTIVITIES INVOLVED IN THE PRODUCTION OF CROPS OR LIVESTOCK FOR WHOLESALE TRADE. AN ACTIVITY CEASES TO BE CONSIDERED COMMERCIAL AGRICULTURE WHEN THE AREA ON WHICH IT IS CONDUCTED IS PROPOSED FOR CONVERSION TO A NONAGRICULTURAL USE OR HAS LAIN IDLE FOR MORE THAN FIVE YEARS, UNLESS THE IDLE LAND IS REGISTERED IN A FEDERAL OR STATE SOILS CONSERVATION PROGRAM, OR UNLESS THE ACTIVITY IS MAINTENANCE OF IRRIGATION DITCHES, LATERALS, CANALS, OR DRAINAGE DITCHES RELATED TO AN EXISTING AND ONGOING AGRICULTURAL ACTIVITY.~~

~~“COMPACTION” MEANS DENSIFICATION OF A FILL BY MECHANICAL MEANS.~~

~~“CRITICAL AREAS” MEANS, AT A MINIMUM, AREAS WHICH INCLUDE WETLANDS, AREAS WITH A CRITICAL RECHARGING EFFECT ON AQUIFERS USED FOR POTABLE WATER, FISH AND WILDLIFE HABITAT CONSERVATION AREAS, FREQUENTLY FLOODED AREAS, GEOLOGICALLY HAZARDOUS AREAS, INCLUDING UNSTABLE SLOPES, AND ASSOCIATED AREAS AND ECOSYSTEMS.~~

~~“DESIGN STORM” MEANS A PRESCRIBED HYETOGRAPH AND TOTAL PRECIPITATION AMOUNT (FOR A SPECIFIC DURATION RECURRENCE FREQUENCY) USED TO ESTIMATE RUNOFF FOR A HYPOTHETICAL STORM OF INTEREST OR CONCERN FOR THE PURPOSES OF ANALYZING EXISTING DRAINAGE, DESIGNING NEW DRAINAGE FACILITIES OR ASSESSING OTHER IMPACTS OF A PROPOSED PROJECT ON THE FLOW OF SURFACE WATER. (A HYETOGRAPH IS A GRAPH OF PERCENTAGES OF TOTAL PRECIPITATION FOR A SERIES OF TIME STEPS REPRESENTING THE TOTAL TIME DURING WHICH THE PRECIPITATION OCCURS.)~~

~~“DETENTION” MEANS THE RELEASE OF STORM WATER RUNOFF FROM THE SITE AT A SLOWER RATE THAN IT IS COLLECTED BY THE STORM WATER FACILITY SYSTEM, THE DIFFERENCE BEING HELD IN TEMPORARY STORAGE.~~

~~“DETENTION FACILITY” MEANS AN ABOVE OR BELOW GROUND FACILITY, SUCH AS A POND OR TANK, THAT TEMPORARILY STORES STORM WATER RUNOFF AND SUBSEQUENTLY RELEASES IT AT A SLOWER RATE THAN IT IS COLLECTED BY THE DRAINAGE FACILITY SYSTEM. THERE IS LITTLE OR NO INFILTRATION OF STORED STORM WATER.~~

~~“DRAINAGE BASIN” MEANS A GEOGRAPHIC AND HYDROLOGIC SUBUNIT OF A WATERSHED.~~

~~“EARTH MATERIAL” MEANS ANY ROCK, NATURAL SOIL OR FILL AND/OR ANY COMBINATION THEREOF.~~

~~“ECOLOGY” MEANS THE WASHINGTON STATE DEPARTMENT OF ECOLOGY.~~

~~“EFFECTIVE IMPERVIOUS SURFACE” MEANS THOSE IMPERVIOUS SURFACES THAT ARE CONNECTED VIA SHEET FLOW OR DISCRETE CONVEYANCE TO A DRAINAGE SYSTEM. IMPERVIOUS SURFACES ON RESIDENTIAL DEVELOPMENT SITES THAT DISPERSE RUNOFF THROUGH AT LEAST ONE HUNDRED FEET OF~~

~~NATIVE VEGETATION IN ACCORDANCE WITH BMP T5.30 — “FULL DISPERSION,” AS DESCRIBED IN CHAPTER 5 OF VOLUME V OF THE STORMWATER MANAGEMENT MANUAL FOR WESTERN WASHINGTON (2005), ARE NOT CONSIDERED IMPERVIOUS SURFACES.~~

~~“ENGINEERING GEOLOGIST” MEANS A GEOLOGIST EXPERIENCED AND KNOWLEDGEABLE IN ENGINEERING GEOLOGY.~~

~~“ENGINEERING GEOLOGY” MEANS THE APPLICATION OF GEOLOGIC KNOWLEDGE AND PRINCIPLES IN THE INVESTIGATION AND EVALUATION OF NATURALLY OCCURRING ROCK AND SOIL FOR USE IN THE DESIGN OF CIVIL WORKS.~~

~~“EROSION” MEANS THE WEARING AWAY OF THE LAND SURFACE BY RUNNING WATER, WIND, ICE, OR OTHER GEOLOGICAL AGENTS, INCLUDING SUCH PROCESSES AS GRAVITATIONAL CREEP, DETACHMENT AND MOVEMENT OF SOIL OR ROCK FRAGMENTS BY WATER, WIND, ICE, OR GRAVITY.~~

~~“EXCAVATION” MEANS THE MECHANICAL REMOVAL OF EARTH MATERIAL.~~

~~“EXISTING SITE CONDITIONS” MEANS:~~

~~1. FOR DEVELOPED SITES WITH STORM WATER FACILITIES THAT HAVE BEEN CONSTRUCTED TO MEET THE STANDARDS IN THE MINIMUM REQUIREMENTS OF THIS MANUAL, EXISTING SITE CONDITIONS SHALL MEAN THE EXISTING CONDITIONS ON THE SITE.~~

~~2. FOR DEVELOPED SITES THAT DO NOT HAVE STORM WATER FACILITIES THAT MEET THE MINIMUM REQUIREMENTS, EXISTING SITE CONDITIONS SHALL MEAN THE CONDITIONS THAT EXISTED PRIOR TO LOCAL GOVERNMENT ADOPTION OF A STORM WATER MANAGEMENT PROGRAM. IF IN QUESTION, THE EXISTING SITE CONDITIONS SHALL BE DOCUMENTED BY AERIAL PHOTOGRAPH RECORDS OR OTHER APPROPRIATE MEANS.~~

~~3. FOR ALL SITES IN WATER QUALITY SENSITIVE AREAS AS IDENTIFIED UNDER MINIMUM REQUIREMENT NO. 8, WETLANDS PROTECTION, MMC 15.01.045(H), EXISTING SITE CONDITIONS SHALL MEAN UNDISTURBED FOREST, FOR THE PURPOSE OF CALCULATING RUNOFF CHARACTERISTICS.~~

~~4. FOR ALL UNDEVELOPED SITES OUTSIDE OF WATER QUALITY SENSITIVE AREAS, EXISTING SITE CONDITIONS SHALL MEAN THE EXISTING CONDITIONS ON THE SITE.~~

~~“EXPERIMENTAL BMP” MEANS A BMP THAT HAS NOT BEEN TESTED AND EVALUATED BY THE DEPARTMENT OF ECOLOGY IN COLLABORATION WITH LOCAL GOVERNMENTS AND TECHNICAL EXPERTS.~~

~~“FILL” MEANS A DEPOSIT OF EARTH MATERIAL PLACED BY ARTIFICIAL MEANS.~~

~~“FOREST PRACTICE” MEANS ANY ACTIVITY CONDUCTED ON OR DIRECTLY PERTAINING TO FOREST LAND AND RELATING TO GROWING, HARVESTING, OR PROCESSING TIMBER, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO:~~

~~1. ROAD AND TRAIL CONSTRUCTION.~~

~~2. HARVESTING, FINAL AND INTERMEDIATE.~~

~~3. PRECOMMERCIAL THINNING.~~

~~4. REFORESTATION.~~

~~5. FERTILIZATION.~~

~~6. PREVENTION AND SUPPRESSION OF DISEASES AND INSECTS.~~

~~7. SALVAGE OF TREES.~~

~~8. BRUSH CONTROL.~~

~~“FREQUENTLY FLOODED AREAS” MEANS THE ONE HUNDRED YEAR FLOODPLAIN DESIGNATIONS OF THE FEDERAL EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT AGENCY AND THE NATIONAL FLOOD INSURANCE PROGRAM.~~

~~“GEOLOGICALLY HAZARDOUS AREAS” MEANS AREAS THAT, BECAUSE OF THEIR SUSCEPTIBILITY TO EROSION, SLIDING, EARTHQUAKE OR OTHER GEOLOGICAL EVENTS, ARE NOT SUITED TO THE SITING OF COMMERCIAL, RESIDENTIAL OR INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT CONSISTENT WITH PUBLIC HEALTH OR SAFETY CONCERNS.~~

~~“GRADE” MEANS THE SLOPE OF A ROAD, CHANNEL, OR NATURAL GROUND AND THE FINISHED SURFACE OF A CANAL BED, ROADBED, TOP OF EMBANKMENT, BOTTOM OF EXCAVATION OR ANY SURFACE PREPARED FOR THE SUPPORT OF CONSTRUCTION SUCH AS PAVING OR THE LAYING OF A CONDUIT.~~

~~1. EXISTING GRADE. THE GRADE PRIOR TO GRADING.~~

~~2. ROUGH GRADE. THE STAGE AT WHICH THE GRADE APPROXIMATELY CONFORMS TO THE APPROVED PLAN.~~

~~3. FINISH GRADE. THE FINAL GRADE OF THE SITE WHICH CONFORMS TO THE APPROVED PLAN.~~

~~“GRADE, (TO)” MEANS TO FINISH THE SURFACE OF A CANAL BED, ROADBED, TOP OF EMBANKMENT OR BOTTOM OF EXCAVATION.~~

~~“GRADIENT TERRACE” MEANS AN EARTH EMBANKMENT OR A RIDGE AND CHANNEL CONSTRUCTED WITH SUITABLE SPACING AND AN ACCEPTABLE GRADE TO REDUCE EROSION DAMAGE BY INTERCEPTING SURFACE RUNOFF AND CONDUCTING IT TO A STABLE OUTLET AT A STABLE NON-EROSIVE VELOCITY.~~

~~“GROUNDWATER” MEANS WATER IN A SATURATED ZONE OR STRATUM BENEATH THE SURFACE OF LAND OR A SURFACE WATER BODY.~~

~~“HIGHWAY” MEANS A MAIN PUBLIC ROAD CONNECTING TOWNS AND CITIES.~~

~~“HYDRO-PERIOD” MEANS THE SEASONAL OCCURRENCE OF FLOODING AND/OR SOIL SATURATION; IT ENCOMPASSES DEPTH, FREQUENCY, DURATION, AND SEASONAL PATTERN OF INUNDATION.~~

~~“ILLICIT DISCHARGE” MEANS ALL NON-STORM WATER DISCHARGES TO STORM WATER DRAINAGE SYSTEMS THAT CAUSE OR CONTRIBUTE TO A VIOLATION OF STATE WATER QUALITY, SEDIMENT QUALITY OR GROUNDWATER QUALITY STANDARDS, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO SANITARY SEWER CONNECTIONS, INDUSTRIAL PROCESS WATER, INTERIOR FLOOR DRAINS, CAR WASHING AND GRAY WATER SYSTEMS.~~

~~“IMPERVIOUS SURFACE” MEANS A HARD SURFACE AREA THAT EITHER PREVENTS OR RETARDS THE ENTRY OF WATER INTO THE SOIL MANTLE AS UNDER NATURAL CONDITIONS PRIOR TO DEVELOPMENT AND/OR A HARD SURFACE AREA WHICH CAUSES WATER TO RUN OFF THE SURFACE IN GREATER QUANTITIES OR AT AN INCREASED RATE OF FLOW FROM THE FLOW PRESENT UNDER NATURAL CONDITIONS PRIOR TO DEVELOPMENT. COMMON IMPERVIOUS SURFACES INCLUDE, BUT ARE NOT LIMITED TO, ROOF TOPS, WALKWAYS, PATIOS, DRIVEWAYS, PARKING LOTS OR STORAGE AREAS, CONCRETE OR ASPHALT PAVING, GRAVEL ROADS, PACKED EARTHEN MATERIALS, AND OILED, MACADAM OR OTHER SURFACES WHICH SIMILARLY IMPEDE THE NATURAL INFILTRATION OF STORM WATER. OPEN, UNCOVERED RETENTION/DETENTION FACILITIES SHALL NOT BE CONSIDERED AS~~

~~IMPERVIOUS SURFACES FOR PURPOSES OF DETERMINING WHETHER THE THRESHOLDS FOR APPLICATION OF MINIMUM REQUIREMENTS ARE EXCEEDED. OPEN, UNCOVERED RETENTION/DETENTION FACILITIES SHALL BE CONSIDERED IMPERVIOUS SURFACES FOR PURPOSES OF RUNOFF MODELING. "INTERFLOW" MEANS THAT PORTION OF RAINFALL THAT INFILTRATES INTO THE SOIL AND MOVES Laterally THROUGH THE UPPER SOIL HORIZONS UNTIL INTERCEPTED BY A STREAM CHANNEL OR UNTIL IT RETURNS TO THE SURFACE, FOR EXAMPLE, IN A WETLAND, SPRING OR SEEP.~~

~~"LAND DISTURBING ACTIVITY" MEANS ANY ACTIVITY THAT RESULTS IN MOVEMENT OF EARTH, OR A CHANGE IN THE EXISTING SOIL COVER (BOTH VEGETATIVE AND NONVEGETATIVE) AND/OR THE EXISTING SOIL TOPOGRAPHY. LAND DISTURBING ACTIVITIES INCLUDE, BUT ARE NOT LIMITED TO, CLEARING, GRADING, FILLING, AND EXCAVATION. COMPACTION THAT IS ASSOCIATED WITH STABILIZATION OF STRUCTURES AND ROAD CONSTRUCTION SHALL ALSO BE CONSIDERED A LAND DISTURBING ACTIVITY. VEGETATION MAINTENANCE PRACTICES ARE NOT CONSIDERED LAND DISTURBING ACTIVITY.~~

~~"LARGE PARCEL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL PLAN" OR "LARGE PARCEL ESC PLAN" MEANS A PLAN TO IMPLEMENT BMPs TO CONTROL POLLUTION GENERATED DURING LAND DISTURBING ACTIVITY. GUIDANCE FOR PREPARING A LARGE PARCEL ESC PLAN IS CONTAINED IN THE MANUAL. (NOTE: ECOLOGY WILL ADD A SAMPLE LARGE PARCEL ESC PLAN TO THIS GUIDANCE MANUAL.)~~

~~MAINTENANCE. REPAIR AND MAINTENANCE INCLUDES ACTIVITIES CONDUCTED ON CURRENTLY SERVICEABLE STRUCTURES, FACILITIES, AND EQUIPMENT THAT INVOLVES NO EXPANSION OR USE BEYOND THAT PREVIOUSLY EXISTING AND RESULTS IN NO SIGNIFICANT ADVERSE HYDROLOGIC IMPACT. IT INCLUDES THOSE USUAL ACTIVITIES TAKEN TO PREVENT A DECLINE, LAPSE, OR CESSATION IN THE USE OF STRUCTURES AND SYSTEMS. THOSE USUAL ACTIVITIES MAY INCLUDE REPLACEMENT OF DYSFUNCTIONAL FACILITIES, INCLUDING CASES WHERE ENVIRONMENTAL PERMITS REQUIRE REPLACING AN EXISTING STRUCTURE WITH A DIFFERENT TYPE STRUCTURE, AS LONG AS THE FUNCTIONING CHARACTERISTICS OF THE ORIGINAL STRUCTURE ARE NOT CHANGED. ONE EXAMPLE IS THE REPLACEMENT OF A COLLAPSED, FISH BLOCKING, ROUND CULVERT WITH A NEW BOX CULVERT UNDER THE SAME SPAN, OR WIDTH, OF ROADWAY. SEE ALSO ROAD MAINTENANCE EXEMPTIONS IN MMC 15.01.015.~~

~~"MITIGATION" MEANS, IN THE FOLLOWING ORDER OF PREFERENCE:~~

- ~~1. AVOIDING THE IMPACT ALTOGETHER BY NOT TAKING A CERTAIN ACTION OR PART OF AN ACTION;~~
- ~~2. MINIMIZING IMPACTS BY LIMITING THE DEGREE OR MAGNITUDE OF THE ACTION AND ITS IMPLEMENTATION, BY USING APPROPRIATE TECHNOLOGY, OR BY TAKING AFFIRMATIVE STEPS TO AVOID OR REDUCE IMPACTS;~~
- ~~3. RECTIFYING THE IMPACT BY REPAIRING, REHABILITATING OR RESTORING THE AFFECTED ENVIRONMENT;~~
- ~~4. REDUCING OR ELIMINATING THE IMPACT OVER TIME BY PRESERVATION AND MAINTENANCE OPERATIONS DURING THE LIFE OF THE ACTION; AND~~
- ~~5. COMPENSATION FOR THE IMPACT BY REPLACING, ENHANCING, OR PROVIDING SUBSTITUTE RESOURCES OR ENVIRONMENTS.~~

~~“NATIVE VEGETATION” MEANS VEGETATION COMPRISED OF PLANT SPECIES, OTHER THAN NOXIOUS WEEDS, THAT ARE INDIGENOUS TO THE COASTAL REGION OF THE PACIFIC NORTHWEST AND WHICH REASONABLY COULD HAVE BEEN EXPECTED TO NATURALLY OCCUR ON THE SITE. EXAMPLES INCLUDE TREES SUCH AS DOUGLAS FIR, WESTERN HEMLOCK, WESTERN RED CEDAR, ALDER, BIG LEAF MAPLE, AND VINE MAPLE; SHRUBS SUCH AS WILLOW, ELDERBERRY, SALMONBERRY, AND SALAL; AND HERBACEOUS PLANTS SUCH AS SWORD FERN, FOAM FLOWER, AND FIREWEED.~~

~~“NATURAL LOCATION” MEANS THE LOCATION OF THOSE CHANNELS, SWALES, AND OTHER NONMANMADE CONVEYANCE SYSTEMS AS DEFINED BY THE FIRST DOCUMENTED TOPOGRAPHIC CONTOURS EXISTING FOR THE SUBJECT PROPERTY, EITHER FROM MAPS OR PHOTOGRAPHS, OR SUCH OTHER MEANS AS APPROPRIATE.~~

~~“NEW DEVELOPMENT” MEANS LAND DISTURBING ACTIVITIES, INCLUDING CLASS IV GENERAL FOREST PRACTICES THAT ARE CONVERSIONS FROM TIMBER LAND TO OTHER USES; STRUCTURAL DEVELOPMENT, INCLUDING CONSTRUCTION OR INSTALLATION OF A BUILDING OR OTHER STRUCTURE; CREATION OF IMPERVIOUS SURFACES; AND SUBDIVISION, SHORT SUBDIVISION AND BINDING SITE PLANS, AS DEFINED AND APPLIED IN CHAPTER 58.17 RCW. PROJECTS MEETING THE DEFINITION OF REDEVELOPMENT SHALL NOT BE CONSIDERED NEW DEVELOPMENT.~~

~~“PERMANENT STORM WATER QUALITY CONTROL (PSQC) PLAN” MEANS A PLAN WHICH INCLUDES PERMANENT BMPS FOR THE CONTROL OF POLLUTION FROM STORM WATER RUNOFF AFTER CONSTRUCTION AND/OR LAND DISTURBING ACTIVITY HAS BEEN COMPLETED. FOR SMALL SITES, THIS REQUIREMENT IS MET BY IMPLEMENTING A SMALL PARCEL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL PLAN. GUIDANCE ON PREPARING A PSQC PLAN IS CONTAINED IN THE MANUAL.~~

~~“PERSON” MEANS ANY INDIVIDUAL, PARTNERSHIP, CORPORATION, ASSOCIATION, ORGANIZATION, COOPERATIVE, PUBLIC OR MUNICIPAL CORPORATION, AGENCY OF THE STATE, OR LOCAL GOVERNMENT UNIT, HOWEVER DESIGNATED.~~

~~“POLLUTION” MEANS CONTAMINATION OR OTHER ALTERATION OF THE PHYSICAL, CHEMICAL, OR BIOLOGICAL PROPERTIES OF WATERS OF THE STATE, INCLUDING CHANGE IN TEMPERATURE, TASTE, COLOR, TURBIDITY, OR ODOR OF THE WATERS, OR SUCH DISCHARGE OF ANY LIQUID, GASEOUS, SOLID, RADIOACTIVE OR OTHER SUBSTANCE INTO ANY WATERS OF THE STATE AS WILL BE OR IS LIKELY TO CREATE A NUISANCE OR RENDER SUCH WATERS HARMFUL, DETRIMENTAL OR INJURIOUS TO THE PUBLIC HEALTH, SAFETY OR WELFARE, OR TO DOMESTIC, COMMERCIAL, INDUSTRIAL, AGRICULTURAL, RECREATIONAL, OR OTHER LEGITIMATE BENEFICIAL USES, OR TO LIVESTOCK, WILD ANIMALS, BIRDS, FISH OR OTHER AQUATIC LIFE.~~

~~“POLLUTION-GENERATING IMPERVIOUS SURFACE (PGIS)” MEANS THOSE IMPERVIOUS SURFACES CONSIDERED TO BE A SIGNIFICANT SOURCE OF POLLUTANTS IN STORM WATER RUNOFF. SUCH SURFACES INCLUDE THOSE WHICH ARE SUBJECT TO: VEHICULAR USE; INDUSTRIAL ACTIVITIES (AS FURTHER DEFINED IN THE GLOSSARY); OR STORAGE OF ERODIBLE OR LEACHABLE MATERIALS, WASTES, OR CHEMICALS, AND WHICH RECEIVE DIRECT RAINFALL OR THE RUN-ON OR BLOW-IN OF RAINFALL. ERODIBLE OR~~

~~LEACHABLE MATERIALS, WASTES, OR CHEMICALS ARE THOSE SUBSTANCES WHICH, WHEN EXPOSED TO RAINFALL, MEASURABLY ALTER THE PHYSICAL OR CHEMICAL CHARACTERISTICS OF THE RAINFALL RUNOFF. EXAMPLES INCLUDE ERODIBLE SOILS THAT ARE STOCKPILED, UNCOVERED PROCESS WASTES, MANURE, FERTILIZERS, OILY SUBSTANCES, ASHES, KILN DUST, AND GARBAGE DUMPSTER LEAKAGE. METAL ROOFS ARE ALSO CONSIDERED TO BE PGIS UNLESS THEY ARE COATED WITH AN INERT, NONLEACHABLE MATERIAL (E.G., BAKED-ON ENAMEL COATING).~~

~~A SURFACE, WHETHER PAVED OR NOT, SHALL BE CONSIDERED SUBJECT TO VEHICULAR USE IF IT IS REGULARLY USED BY MOTOR VEHICLES. THE FOLLOWING ARE CONSIDERED REGULARLY USED SURFACES: ROADS, UNVEGETATED ROAD SHOULDERS, BIKE LANES WITHIN THE TRAVELED LANE OF A ROADWAY, DRIVEWAYS, PARKING LOTS, UNFENCED FIRE LANES, VEHICULAR EQUIPMENT STORAGE YARDS, AND AIRPORT RUNWAYS.~~

~~THE FOLLOWING ARE NOT CONSIDERED REGULARLY USED SURFACES: PAVED BICYCLE PATHWAYS SEPARATED FROM AND NOT SUBJECT TO DRAINAGE FROM ROADS FOR MOTOR VEHICLES, FENCED FIRE LANES, AND INFREQUENTLY USED MAINTENANCE ACCESS ROADS.~~

~~"POLLUTION GENERATING PERVIOUS SURFACES (PGPS)" MEANS ANY NONIMPERVIOUS SURFACE SUBJECT TO USE OF PESTICIDES AND FERTILIZERS OR LOSS OF SOIL. TYPICAL PGPS INCLUDE LAWNS, LANDSCAPED AREAS, GOLF COURSES, PARKS, CEMETERIES, AND SPORTS FIELDS.~~

~~"PREDEVELOPED CONDITION" MEANS THE NATIVE VEGETATION AND SOILS THAT EXISTED AT A SITE PRIOR TO THE INFLUENCE OF EURO-AMERICAN SETTLEMENT. THE PREDEVELOPED CONDITION SHALL BE ASSUMED TO BE A FORESTED LAND COVER UNLESS REASONABLE, HISTORIC INFORMATION IS PROVIDED THAT INDICATES THE SITE WAS PRAIRIE PRIOR TO SETTLEMENT.~~

~~"PROJECT SITE" MEANS THAT PORTION OF A PROPERTY, PROPERTIES, OR RIGHT OF WAY SUBJECT TO LAND DISTURBING ACTIVITIES, NEW IMPERVIOUS SURFACES, OR REPLACED IMPERVIOUS SURFACES.~~

~~"RECEIVING WATERS" MEANS BODIES OF WATER OR SURFACE WATER SYSTEMS TO WHICH SURFACE RUNOFF IS DISCHARGED VIA A POINT SOURCE OF STORM WATER OR VIA SHEET FLOW.~~

~~"REDEVELOPMENT" MEANS, ON A SITE THAT IS ALREADY SUBSTANTIALLY DEVELOPED (I.E., HAS THIRTY-FIVE PERCENT OR MORE OF EXISTING IMPERVIOUS SURFACE COVERAGE), THE CREATION OR ADDITION OF IMPERVIOUS SURFACES; THE EXPANSION OF A BUILDING FOOTPRINT OR ADDITION OR REPLACEMENT OF A STRUCTURE; STRUCTURAL DEVELOPMENT INCLUDING CONSTRUCTION, INSTALLATION OR EXPANSION OF A BUILDING OR OTHER STRUCTURE; REPLACEMENT OF IMPERVIOUS SURFACE THAT IS NOT PART OF A ROUTINE MAINTENANCE ACTIVITY; AND LAND DISTURBING ACTIVITIES.~~

~~"REGIONAL RETENTION/DETENTION SYSTEM" MEANS A STORM WATER QUANTITY CONTROL STRUCTURE DESIGNED TO CORRECT EXISTING EXCESS SURFACE WATER RUNOFF PROBLEMS OF A BASIN OR SUB-BASIN. THE AREA DOWNSTREAM HAS BEEN PREVIOUSLY IDENTIFIED AS HAVING EXISTING OR PREDICTED SIGNIFICANT AND REGIONAL FLOODING AND/OR EROSION PROBLEMS. THIS TERM IS ALSO USED WHEN A DETENTION FACILITY IS USED~~

~~TO DETAIN STORM WATER RUNOFF FROM A NUMBER OF DIFFERENT BUSINESSES, DEVELOPMENTS OR AREAS WITHIN A CATCHMENT.~~

~~“REPLACED IMPERVIOUS SURFACE” MEANS, FOR STRUCTURES, THE REMOVAL AND REPLACEMENT OF ANY EXTERIOR IMPERVIOUS SURFACES OR FOUNDATION. FOR OTHER IMPERVIOUS SURFACES, THE REMOVAL DOWN TO BARE SOIL OR BASE COURSE AND REPLACEMENT.~~

~~“RETENTION/DETENTION FACILITY (R/D)” MEANS A TYPE OF DRAINAGE FACILITY DESIGNED EITHER TO HOLD WATER FOR A CONSIDERABLE LENGTH OF TIME AND THEN RELEASE IT BY EVAPORATION, PLANT TRANSPIRATION, AND/OR INFILTRATION INTO THE GROUND OR TO HOLD SURFACE AND STORM WATER RUNOFF FOR A SHORT PERIOD OF TIME AND THEN RELEASE IT TO THE SURFACE AND STORM WATER MANAGEMENT SYSTEM.~~

~~“SITE” MEANS THE AREA DEFINED BY THE LEGAL BOUNDARIES OF A PARCEL OR PARCELS OF LAND THAT IS (ARE) SUBJECT TO NEW DEVELOPMENT OR REDEVELOPMENT. FOR ROAD PROJECTS, THE LENGTH OF THE PROJECT SITE AND THE RIGHT OF WAY BOUNDARIES DEFINE THE SITE.~~

~~“SLOPE” MEANS THE DEGREE OF DEVIATION OF A SURFACE FROM THE HORIZONTAL MEASURED AS A NUMERICAL RATIO, PERCENT, OR IN DEGREES. EXPRESSED AS A RATIO, THE FIRST NUMBER IS THE HORIZONTAL DISTANCE (RUN) AND THE SECOND IS THE VERTICAL DISTANCE (RISE), AS TWO TO ONE. A TWO TO ONE SLOPE IS A FIFTY PERCENT SLOPE. EXPRESSED IN DEGREES, THE SLOPE IS THE ANGLE FROM THE HORIZONTAL PLANE, WITH A NINETY DEGREE SLOPE BEING VERTICAL (MAXIMUM) AND A FORTY FIVE DEGREE SLOPE BEING A ONE TO ONE OR ONE HUNDRED PERCENT SLOPE.~~

~~“SMALL PARCEL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL PLAN” OR “SMALL PARCEL ESC PLAN” MEANS A PLAN FOR SMALL SITES TO IMPLEMENT TEMPORARY BMPS TO CONTROL POLLUTION GENERATED DURING THE CONSTRUCTION PHASE ONLY, PRIMARILY EROSION AND SEDIMENT. GUIDANCE FOR PREPARING A SMALL PARCEL ESC PLAN IS CONTAINED IN THE MANUAL.~~

~~“SOIL” MEANS THE UNCONSOLIDATED MINERAL AND ORGANIC MATERIAL ON THE IMMEDIATE SURFACE OF THE EARTH THAT SERVES AS A NATURAL MEDIUM FOR THE GROWTH OF LAND PLANTS.~~

~~“SOURCE CONTROL BMP” MEANS A STRUCTURE OR OPERATION THAT IS INTENDED TO PREVENT POLLUTANTS FROM COMING INTO CONTACT WITH STORM WATER THROUGH PHYSICAL SEPARATION OF AREAS OR CAREFUL MANAGEMENT OF ACTIVITIES THAT ARE SOURCES OF POLLUTANTS. THIS MANUAL SEPARATES SOURCE CONTROL BMPS INTO TWO TYPES. STRUCTURAL SOURCE CONTROL BMPS ARE PHYSICAL, STRUCTURAL, OR MECHANICAL DEVICES, OR FACILITIES THAT ARE INTENDED TO PREVENT POLLUTANTS FROM ENTERING STORM WATER. OPERATIONAL BMPS ARE NONSTRUCTURAL PRACTICES THAT PREVENT OR REDUCE POLLUTANTS FROM ENTERING STORM WATER. SEE VOLUME IV OF THE STORMWATER MANAGEMENT MANUAL FOR WESTERN WASHINGTON (2005) FOR DETAILS.~~

~~“STORM WATER” MEANS THAT PORTION OF PRECIPITATION THAT DOES NOT NATURALLY PERCOLATE INTO THE GROUND OR EVAPORATE, BUT FLOWS VIA OVERLAND FLOW, INTERFLOW, CHANNELS OR PIPES INTO A DEFINED SURFACE WATER CHANNEL, OR A CONSTRUCTED INFILTRATION FACILITY.~~

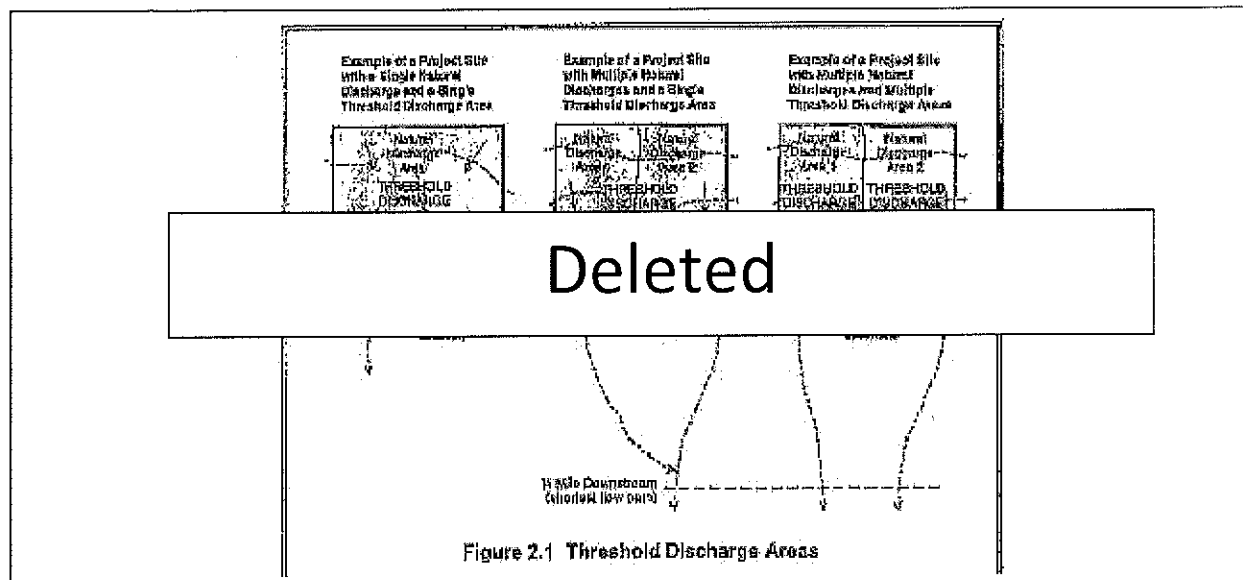
~~“STORM WATER DRAINAGE SYSTEM” MEANS CONSTRUCTED AND NATURAL FEATURES WHICH FUNCTION TOGETHER AS A SYSTEM TO COLLECT, CONVEY, CHANNEL, HOLD, INHIBIT, RETAIN, DETAIN, INFILTRATE, DIVERT, TREAT OR FILTER STORM WATER.~~

~~“STORM WATER FACILITY” MEANS A CONSTRUCTED COMPONENT OF A STORM WATER DRAINAGE SYSTEM, DESIGNED OR CONSTRUCTED TO PERFORM A PARTICULAR FUNCTION, OR MULTIPLE FUNCTIONS. STORM WATER FACILITIES INCLUDE, BUT ARE NOT LIMITED TO, PIPES, SWALES, DITCHES, CULVERTS, STREET GUTTERS, DETENTION BASINS, RETENTION BASINS, CONSTRUCTED WETLANDS, INFILTRATION DEVICES, CATCH BASINS, OIL/WATER SEPARATORS, SEDIMENT BASINS AND MODULAR PAVEMENT.~~

~~“STORM WATER MANAGEMENT MANUAL” OR “MANUAL” MEANS THE MANUAL ADOPTED BY REFERENCE AND PREPARED BY ECOLOGY THAT CONTAINS BMPs TO PREVENT OR REDUCE POLLUTION (OR A TECHNICALLY EQUIVALENT MANUAL APPROVED BY ECOLOGY).~~

~~“STORM WATER SITE PLAN” MEANS A PLAN WHICH INCLUDES AN EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL (ESC) PLAN AND/OR A PERMANENT STORM WATER QUALITY CONTROL (PSQC) PLAN. FOR SMALL SITES, THIS PLAN IS THE EQUIVALENT OF A SMALL PARCEL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL PLAN. GUIDANCE ON PREPARING A STORM WATER SITE PLAN IS CONTAINED IN THE MANUAL.~~

~~“THRESHOLD DISCHARGE AREA” MEANS AN ON-SITE AREA DRAINING TO A SINGLE NATURAL DISCHARGE LOCATION OR MULTIPLE NATURAL DISCHARGE LOCATIONS THAT COMBINE WITHIN ONE QUARTER MILE DOWNSTREAM (AS DETERMINED BY THE SHORTEST FLOW PATH). THE EXAMPLES IN FIGURE 2.1 BELOW ILLUSTRATE THIS DEFINITION. THE PURPOSE OF THIS DEFINITION IS TO CLARIFY HOW THE THRESHOLDS OF THIS MANUAL ARE APPLIED TO PROJECT SITES WITH MULTIPLE DISCHARGE POINTS.~~



~~“TOE OF SLOPE” MEANS A POINT OR LINE OF SLOPE IN AN EXCAVATION OR CUT WHERE THE LOWER SURFACE CHANGES TO HORIZONTAL OR MEETS THE EXISTING GROUND SLOPE.~~

~~“TOP OF SLOPE” MEANS A POINT OR LINE ON THE UPPER SURFACE OF A SLOPE WHERE IT CHANGES TO HORIZONTAL OR MEETS THE ORIGINAL SURFACE.~~

~~“TREATMENT BMP” MEANS A BMP THAT IS INTENDED TO REMOVE POLLUTANTS FROM STORM WATER. A FEW EXAMPLES OF TREATMENT BMPS ARE DETENTION PONDS, OIL/WATER SEPARATORS, BIOFILTRATION SWALES AND CONSTRUCTED WETLANDS.~~

~~“UNSTABLE SLOPES” MEANS THOSE SLOPING AREAS OF LAND WHICH HAVE IN THE PAST EXHIBITED, ARE CURRENTLY EXHIBITING, OR WILL LIKELY IN THE FUTURE EXHIBIT MASS MOVEMENT OF EARTH.~~

~~“VEGETATION” MEANS ALL ORGANIC PLANT LIFE GROWING ON THE SURFACE OF THE EARTH.~~

~~“WATER BODY” MEANS SURFACE WATERS INCLUDING RIVERS, STREAMS, LAKES, MARINE WATERS, ESTUARIES, AND WETLANDS.~~

~~“WATERSHED” MEANS A GEOGRAPHIC REGION WITHIN WHICH WATER DRAINS INTO A PARTICULAR RIVER, STREAM, OR BODY OF WATER AS IDENTIFIED AND NUMBERED BY THE STATE OF WASHINGTON WATER RESOURCE INVENTORY AREAS (WRIAS) AS DEFINED IN CHAPTER 173-500 WAC.~~

~~“WETLAND” MEANS THOSE AREAS THAT ARE INUNDATED OR SATURATED BY SURFACE OR GROUND WATER AT A FREQUENCY AND DURATION SUFFICIENT TO SUPPORT, AND THAT UNDER NORMAL CIRCUMSTANCES DO SUPPORT, A PREVALENCE OF VEGETATION TYPICALLY ADAPTED FOR LIFE IN SATURATED SOIL CONDITIONS. WETLANDS GENERALLY INCLUDE SWAMPS, MARSHES, BOGS, AND SIMILAR AREAS. WETLANDS DO NOT INCLUDE THOSE ARTIFICIAL WETLANDS INTENTIONALLY CREATED FROM NONWETLAND SITES, INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, IRRIGATION AND DRAINAGE DITCHES, GRASS LINED SWALES, CANALS, DETENTION FACILITIES, WASTEWATER TREATMENT FACILITIES, FARM PONDS, AND LANDSCAPE AMENITIES, OR THOSE WETLANDS CREATED AFTER JULY 1, 1990, THAT WERE UNINTENTIONALLY CREATED AS A RESULT OF THE CONSTRUCTION OF A ROAD, STREET, OR HIGHWAY. WETLANDS MAY INCLUDE THOSE ARTIFICIAL WETLANDS INTENTIONALLY CREATED FROM NONWETLAND AREAS TO MITIGATE THE CONVERSION OF WETLANDS.]~~

15.01.025 Stormwater Management Manual Adopted.

The 2012 Department of Ecology Stormwater Management Manual for Western Washington, as amended in December 2014, as amended by Sections 1-6 of Appendix 1 of the Western Washington Phase II Municipal Stormwater Permit, is hereby adopted as the City’s minimum stormwater regulations and as a technical reference manual and is referred to as the “2014 Stormwater Manual.” Pursuant to RCW 35A.12.140, a copy shall be filed in the office of the city clerk and shall be available for use and examination by the public.

15.01.030 Repealed[GENERAL PROVISIONS].

~~[A. ABROGATION AND GREATER RESTRICTIONS. IT IS NOT INTENDED THAT THIS CHAPTER REPEAL, ABROGATE, OR IMPAIR ANY EXISTING REGULATIONS, EASEMENTS, COVENANTS, OR DEED RESTRICTIONS. HOWEVER, WHERE THIS~~

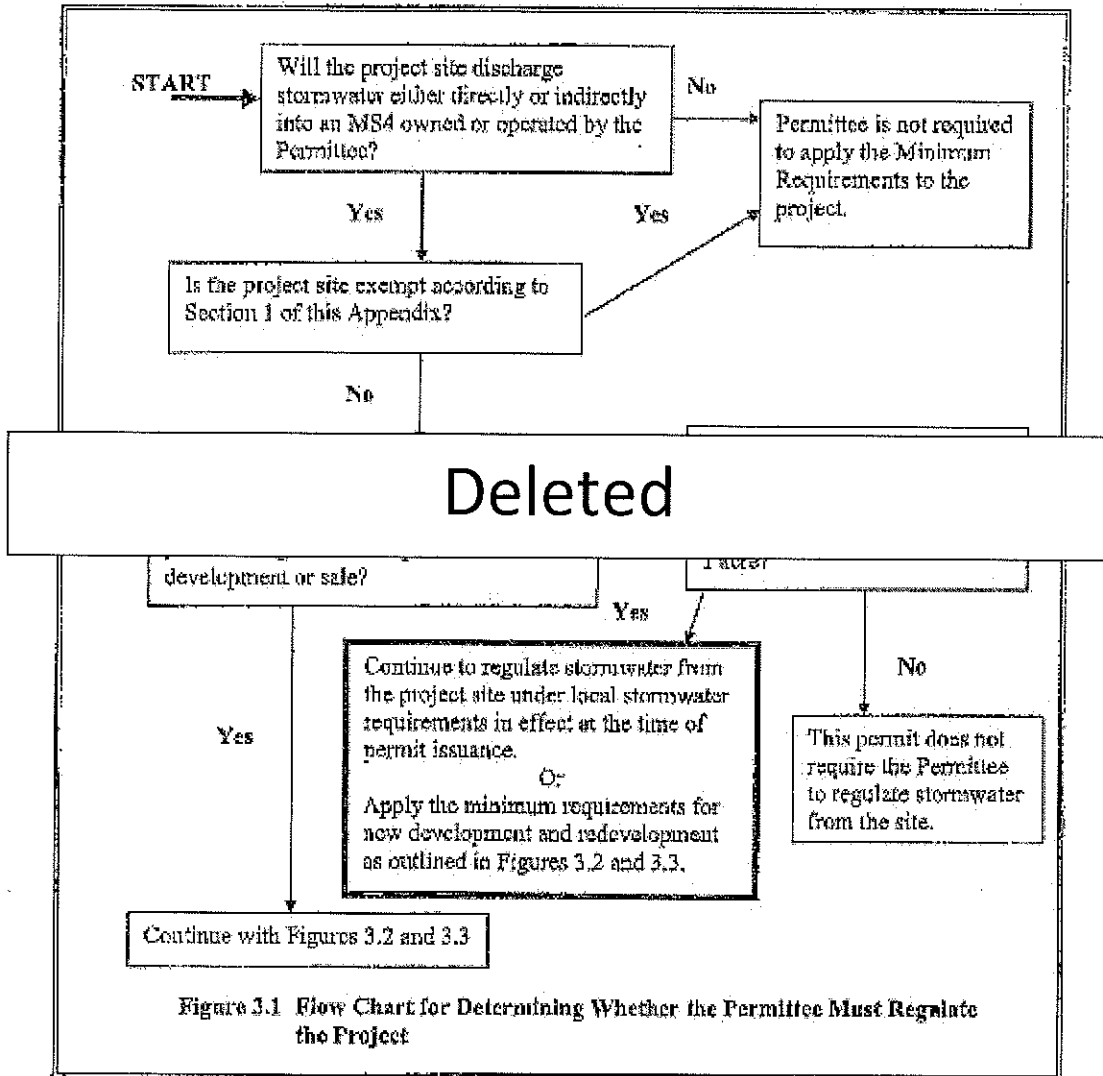
~~CHAPTER IMPOSES GREATER RESTRICTIONS, THE PROVISIONS OF THIS CHAPTER SHALL PREVAIL.~~

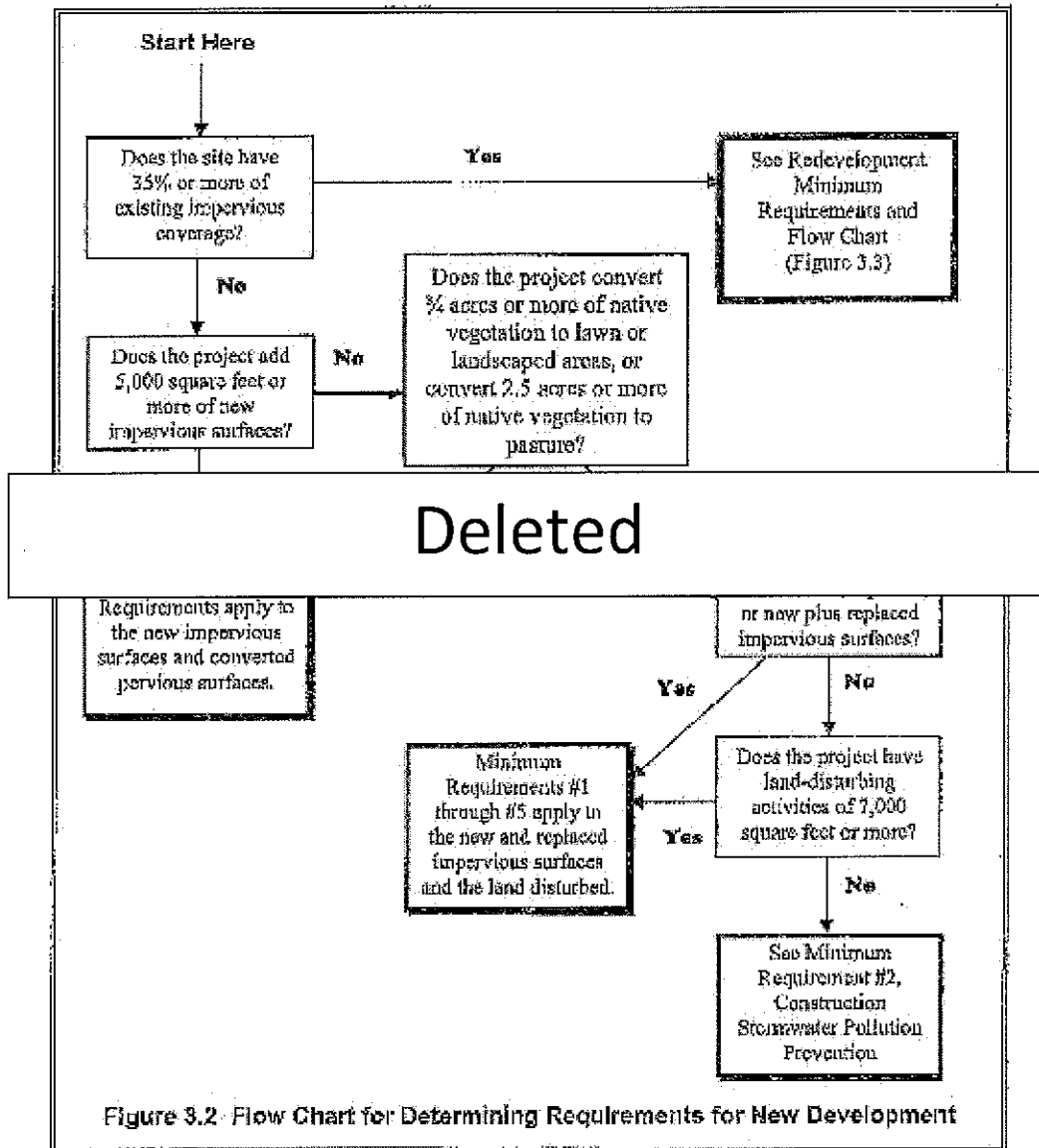
~~B. INTERPRETATION. THE PROVISIONS OF THIS CHAPTER SHALL BE HELD TO BE MINIMUM REQUIREMENTS IN THEIR INTERPRETATION AND APPLICATION AND SHALL BE LIBERALLY CONSTRUED TO SERVE THE PURPOSES OF THIS CHAPTER.]~~

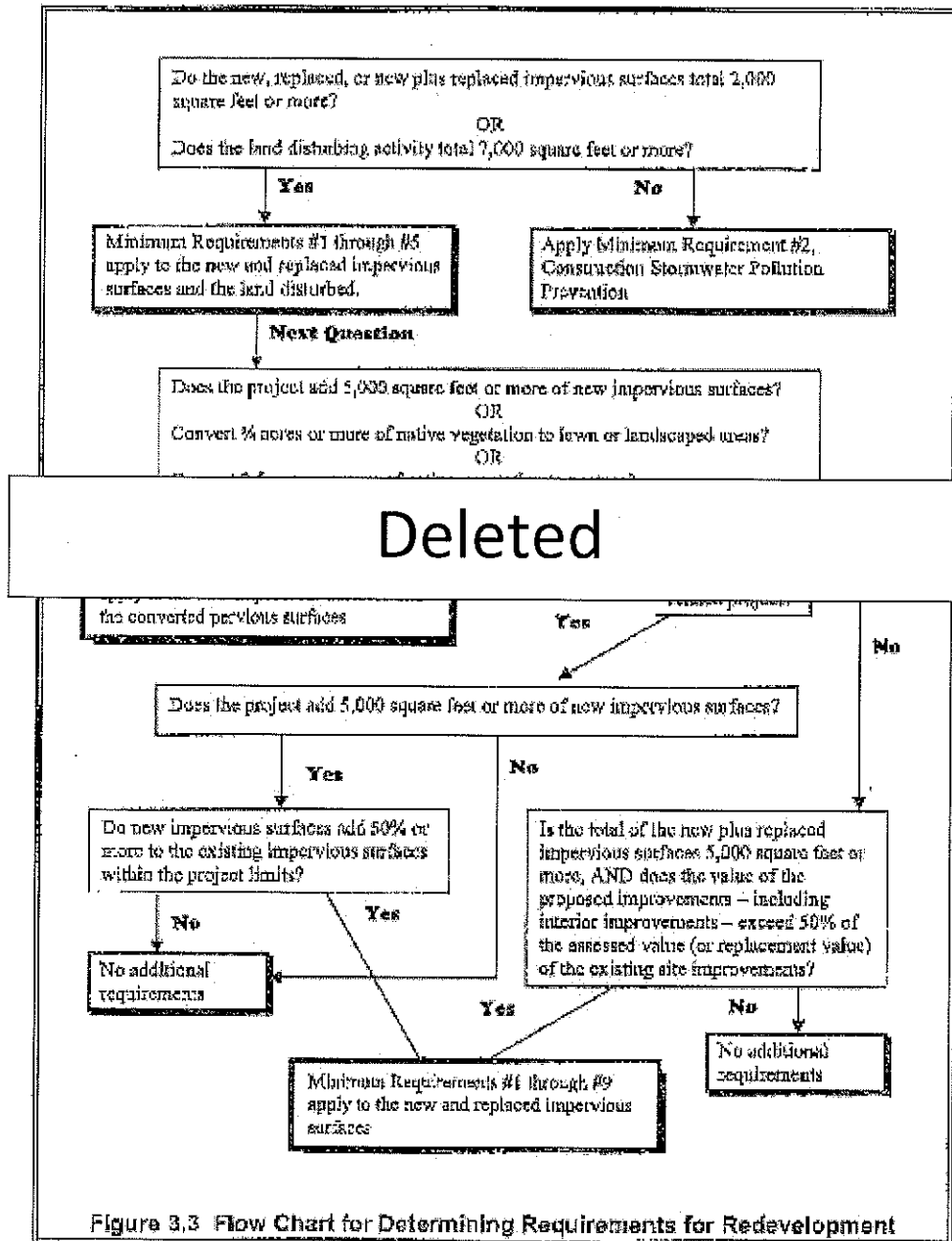
15.01.040 Repealed[APPLICABILITY OF THE MINIMUM REQUIREMENTS].

~~[A. THRESHOLDS. NOT ALL OF THE MINIMUM REQUIREMENTS APPLY TO EVERY DEVELOPMENT OR REDEVELOPMENT PROJECT. THE APPLICABILITY VARIES DEPENDING ON THE TYPE AND SIZE OF THE PROJECT. THIS SECTION IDENTIFIES THRESHOLDS THAT DETERMINE THE APPLICABILITY OF THE MINIMUM REQUIREMENTS TO DIFFERENT PROJECTS. THE FLOW CHARTS IN FIGURES 3.1, 3.2 AND 3.3 MUST BE USED TO DETERMINE WHICH OF THE MINIMUM REQUIREMENTS APPLY. THE MINIMUM REQUIREMENTS THEMSELVES ARE PRESENTED IN MMC 15.01.045. THE THRESHOLDS BELOW APPLY TO NEW DEVELOPMENT, REDEVELOPMENT, AND CONSTRUCTION SITE ACTIVITIES THAT RESULT IN LAND DISTURBANCE OF EQUAL OR GREATER THAN ONE ACRE, INCLUDING PROJECTS LESS THAN ONE ACRE THAT ARE PART OF A LARGER COMMON PLAN OF DEVELOPMENT OR SALE.~~

~~THIS THRESHOLD IS DEFINED AS THE "REGULATORY THRESHOLD." IF, AS DESCRIBED ABOVE, THE PROJECT EXCEEDS THE ONE ACRE REGULATORY THRESHOLD, THE TECHNICAL THRESHOLDS CONTAINED IN THIS SECTION SHALL BE TO DETERMINE WHICH OF THE MINIMUM REQUIREMENTS MUST BE APPLIED TO THE PROJECT.]~~







15.01.042 Repealed[REGULATED ACTIVITIES AND ALLOWED ACTIVITIES].

~~[A. REGULATED ACTIVITIES. CONSISTENT WITH THE MINIMUM REQUIREMENTS CONTAINED IN THIS CHAPTER, THE CITY OF MONROE SHALL APPROVE OR DISAPPROVE THE FOLLOWING ACTIVITIES, UNLESS EXEMPTED IN MMC 15.01.015:~~

- ~~1. NEW DEVELOPMENT. ALL NEW DEVELOPMENT SHALL BE REQUIRED TO COMPLY WITH MINIMUM REQUIREMENT NO. 2.~~
- ~~THE FOLLOWING NEW DEVELOPMENT SHALL COMPLY WITH MINIMUM REQUIREMENTS NO. 1 THROUGH 5 FOR THE NEW AND REPLACED IMPERVIOUS SURFACES AND THE LAND DISTURBED:~~

~~A. CREATES OR ADDS TWO THOUSAND SQUARE FEET, OR GREATER, OF NEW, REPLACED, OR NEW PLUS REPLACED IMPERVIOUS SURFACE AREA; OR~~

~~B. HAS LAND DISTURBING ACTIVITY OF SEVEN THOUSAND SQUARE FEET OR GREATER.~~

~~THE FOLLOWING NEW DEVELOPMENT SHALL COMPLY WITH MINIMUM REQUIREMENTS NO. 1 THROUGH 9 FOR THE NEW IMPERVIOUS SURFACES AND THE CONVERTED PERVIOUS SURFACES:~~

~~A. CREATES OR ADDS FIVE THOUSAND SQUARE FEET, OR MORE, OF NEW IMPERVIOUS SURFACE AREA; OR~~

~~B. CONVERTS THREE QUARTERS ACRES, OR MORE, OF NATIVE VEGETATION TO LAWN OR LANDSCAPED AREAS; OR~~

~~C. CONVERTS TWO AND ONE HALF ACRES, OR MORE, OF NATIVE VEGETATION TO PASTURE.~~

~~2. REDEVELOPMENT. ALL REDEVELOPMENT SHALL BE REQUIRED TO COMPLY WITH MINIMUM REQUIREMENT NO. 2. IN ADDITION, ALL REDEVELOPMENT THAT EXCEEDS CERTAIN THRESHOLDS SHALL BE REQUIRED TO COMPLY WITH ADDITIONAL MINIMUM REQUIREMENTS AS FOLLOWS.~~

~~THE FOLLOWING REDEVELOPMENT SHALL COMPLY WITH MINIMUM REQUIREMENTS NO. 1 THROUGH 5 FOR THE NEW AND REPLACED IMPERVIOUS SURFACES AND THE LAND DISTURBED:~~

~~A. THE NEW, REPLACED, OR TOTAL OF NEW PLUS REPLACED IMPERVIOUS SURFACES IS TWO THOUSAND SQUARE FEET OR MORE; OR~~

~~B. SEVEN THOUSAND SQUARE FEET OR MORE OF LAND DISTURBING ACTIVITIES.~~

~~THE FOLLOWING REDEVELOPMENT SHALL COMPLY WITH MINIMUM REQUIREMENTS NO. 1 THROUGH 9 FOR THE NEW IMPERVIOUS SURFACES AND CONVERTED PERVIOUS AREAS:~~

~~A. ADDS FIVE THOUSAND SQUARE FEET OR MORE OF NEW IMPERVIOUS SURFACES; OR~~

~~B. CONVERTS THREE QUARTERS ACRES, OR MORE, OF NATIVE VEGETATION TO LAWN OR LANDSCAPED AREAS; OR~~

~~C. CONVERTS TWO AND ONE HALF ACRES, OR MORE, OF NATIVE VEGETATION TO PASTURE.~~

~~IF THE RUNOFF FROM THE NEW IMPERVIOUS SURFACES AND CONVERTED PERVIOUS SURFACES IS NOT SEPARATED FROM RUNOFF FROM OTHER SURFACES ON THE PROJECT SITE, THE STORM WATER TREATMENT FACILITIES MUST BE SIZED FOR THE ENTIRE FLOW THAT IS DIRECTED TO THEM.~~

~~THE MINIMUM REQUIREMENTS ARE ALLOWED TO BE MET FOR AN EQUIVALENT (FLOW AND POLLUTION CHARACTERISTICS) AREA WITHIN THE SAME SITE. FOR PUBLIC ROADS PROJECTS, THE EQUIVALENT AREA DOES NOT HAVE TO BE WITHIN THE PROJECT LIMITS, BUT MUST DRAIN TO THE SAME RECEIVING WATER.~~

~~3. ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS FOR REDEVELOPMENT PROJECT SITES. FOR ROAD-RELATED PROJECTS, RUNOFF FROM THE REPLACED AND NEW IMPERVIOUS SURFACES (INCLUDING PAVEMENT, SHOULDERS, CURBS, AND~~

~~SIDEWALKS) SHALL MEET ALL THE MINIMUM REQUIREMENTS IF THE NEW IMPERVIOUS SURFACES TOTAL FIVE THOUSAND SQUARE FEET OR MORE AND TOTAL FIFTY PERCENT OR MORE OF THE EXISTING IMPERVIOUS SURFACES WITHIN THE PROJECT LIMITS. THE PROJECT LIMITS SHALL BE DEFINED BY THE LENGTH OF THE PROJECT AND THE WIDTH OF THE RIGHT-OF-WAY.~~

~~OTHER TYPES OF REDEVELOPMENT PROJECTS SHALL COMPLY WITH ALL THE MINIMUM REQUIREMENTS FOR THE NEW AND REPLACED IMPERVIOUS SURFACES IF THE TOTAL OF NEW PLUS REPLACED IMPERVIOUS SURFACES IS FIVE THOUSAND SQUARE FEET OR MORE, AND THE VALUATION OF PROPOSED IMPROVEMENTS — INCLUDING INTERIOR IMPROVEMENTS — EXCEEDS FIFTY PERCENT OF THE ASSESSED VALUE OF THE EXISTING SITE IMPROVEMENTS.~~

~~A VARIANCE/EXCEPTION TO THE APPLICATION OF THE FLOW CONTROL REQUIREMENTS TO REPLACED IMPERVIOUS SURFACES MAY BE GRANTED IF SUCH APPLICATION IMPOSES A SEVERE ECONOMIC HARDSHIP. SEE MMC 15.01.100.~~

~~4. MODIFICATION OF THE MINIMUM REQUIREMENTS. BASIN PLANNING IS ENCOURAGED AND MAY BE USED TO TAILOR MINIMUM REQUIREMENT NO. 6, RUNOFF TREATMENT, MINIMUM REQUIREMENT NO. 7, FLOW CONTROL, AND/OR MINIMUM REQUIREMENT NO. 8, WETLANDS PROTECTION. BASIN PLANNING MAY BE USED TO SUPPORT ALTERNATIVE TREATMENT, FLOW CONTROL, AND/OR WETLAND PROTECTION REQUIREMENTS TO THOSE CONTAINED IN MMC 15.01.045. BASIN PLANNING MAY ALSO BE USED TO DEMONSTRATE AN EQUIVALENT LEVEL OF TREATMENT, FLOW CONTROL, AND/OR WETLAND PROTECTION THROUGH THE CONSTRUCTION AND USE OF REGIONAL STORM WATER FACILITIES. SEE MMC 15.01.077 FOR DETAILS ON BASIN PLANNING AND HOW BASIN PLANNING MAY BE USED TO MODIFY THE MINIMUM REQUIREMENTS IN MMC 15.01.045.~~

~~DEVELOPMENT UNDERTAKEN BY THE WASHINGTON STATE DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION IN STATE HIGHWAY RIGHTS OF WAY IS REGULATED BY CHAPTER 173-270 WAC, THE PUGET SOUND HIGHWAY RUNOFF PROGRAM.]~~

15.01.045 Repealed[MINIMUM REQUIREMENTS].

~~[THIS SECTION DESCRIBES THE MINIMUM REQUIREMENTS FOR STORM WATER MANAGEMENT AT DEVELOPMENT AND REDEVELOPMENT SITES. MMC 15.01.040 SHOULD BE CONSULTED TO DETERMINE WHICH OF THE MINIMUM REQUIREMENTS BELOW APPLY TO ANY GIVEN PROJECT. FIGURES 3.2 AND 3.3 SHOULD BE CONSULTED TO DETERMINE WHETHER THE MINIMUM REQUIREMENTS APPLY TO NEW SURFACES, REPLACED SURFACES OR NEW AND REPLACED SURFACES.~~

~~A. — MINIMUM REQUIREMENT NO. 1: PREPARATION OF STORM WATER SITE PLANS. ALL PROJECTS MEETING THE THRESHOLDS IN MMC 15.01.040 SHALL SUBMIT FOR APPROVAL A STORM WATER SITE PLAN PREPARED IN ACCORDANCE WITH CHAPTER 3 OF VOLUME 1 OF THE STORMWATER MANAGEMENT MANUAL FOR WESTERN WASHINGTON (2005).~~

~~B. MINIMUM REQUIREMENT NO. 2: CONSTRUCTION STORM WATER POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN (SWPPP). THIS MINIMUM REQUIREMENT MAY BE ACHIEVED FOR AN INDIVIDUAL SITE IF THE SITE IS COVERED UNDER ECOLOGY'S GENERAL NPDES PERMIT FOR STORM WATER DISCHARGES ASSOCIATED WITH CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES AND FULLY IMPLEMENTING THE REQUIREMENTS OF THAT PERMIT.~~

~~SITE OPERATORS MAY APPLY AN "EROSIVITY WAIVER" TO PROJECTS DISTURBING LESS THAN FIVE ACRES THAT MEET THE REQUIREMENTS OF MMC15.01.055; SUCH PROJECTS ARE EXEMPT FROM THE REQUIREMENT TO SUBMIT CONSTRUCTION PHASE STORM WATER POLLUTION PREVENTION PLANS.~~

~~1. GENERAL REQUIREMENTS. ALL NEW DEVELOPMENT AND REDEVELOPMENT PROJECTS ARE RESPONSIBLE FOR PREVENTING EROSION AND DISCHARGE OF SEDIMENT AND OTHER POLLUTANTS INTO RECEIVING WATERS. APPLICANTS MUST SUBMIT FOR APPROVAL A CONSTRUCTION STORM WATER POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN (SWPPP) AS PART OF THE STORM WATER SITE PLAN (SEE MINIMUM REQUIREMENT NO. 1 ABOVE) FOR ALL PROJECTS WHICH MEET THE THRESHOLDS IN MMC 15.01.040. THE SWPPP SHALL BE IMPLEMENTED BEGINNING WITH INITIAL SOIL DISTURBANCE AND UNTIL FINAL STABILIZATION.~~

~~SEDIMENT AND EROSION CONTROL BMPs SHALL BE CONSISTENT WITH THE BMPs CONTAINED IN CHAPTERS 3 AND 4 OF VOLUME II OF THE STORMWATER MANAGEMENT MANUAL FOR WESTERN WASHINGTON (2005). THE SWPPP SHALL INCLUDE A NARRATIVE AND DRAWINGS. ALL BMPs SHALL BE CLEARLY REFERENCED IN THE NARRATIVE AND MARKED ON THE DRAWINGS. THE SWPPP NARRATIVE SHALL INCLUDE DOCUMENTATION TO EXPLAIN AND JUSTIFY THE POLLUTION PREVENTION DECISIONS MADE FOR THE PROJECT. CLEARING AND GRADING ACTIVITIES FOR DEVELOPMENTS SHALL BE PERMITTED ONLY IF CONDUCTED PURSUANT TO AN APPROVED SITE DEVELOPMENT PLAN (E.G., SUBDIVISION APPROVAL) THAT ESTABLISHES PERMITTED AREAS OF CLEARING, GRADING, CUTTING, AND FILLING. WHEN ESTABLISHING THESE PERMITTED CLEARING AND GRADING AREAS, CONSIDERATION SHOULD BE GIVEN TO MINIMIZING REMOVAL OF EXISTING TREES AND MINIMIZING DISTURBANCE/COMPACTION OF NATIVE SOILS EXCEPT AS NEEDED FOR BUILDING PURPOSES. THESE PERMITTED CLEARING AND GRADING AREAS AND ANY OTHER AREAS REQUIRED TO PRESERVE CRITICAL OR SENSITIVE AREAS, BUFFERS, NATIVE GROWTH PROTECTION EASEMENTS, OR TREE RETENTION AREAS AS MAY BE REQUIRED BY LOCAL JURISDICTIONS SHALL BE DELINEATED ON THE SITE PLANS AND THE DEVELOPMENT SITE.~~

~~2. SEASONAL WORK LIMITATIONS. FROM OCTOBER 1ST THROUGH APRIL 30TH, CLEARING, GRADING, AND OTHER SOIL DISTURBING ACTIVITIES MAY ONLY BE AUTHORIZED IF SILT-LADEN RUNOFF WILL BE PREVENTED FROM LEAVING THE SITE THROUGH A COMBINATION OF THE FOLLOWING:~~

- ~~A. SITE CONDITIONS INCLUDING EXISTING VEGETATIVE COVERAGE, SLOPE, SOIL TYPE AND PROXIMITY TO RECEIVING WATERS; AND~~
- ~~B. LIMITATIONS ON ACTIVITIES AND THE EXTENT OF DISTURBED AREAS; AND~~

~~C. PROPOSED EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL MEASURES. THE FOLLOWING ACTIVITIES ARE EXEMPT FROM THE SEASONAL CLEARING AND GRADING LIMITATIONS:~~

~~A. ROUTINE MAINTENANCE AND NECESSARY REPAIR OF EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL BMPS;~~

~~B. ROUTINE MAINTENANCE OF PUBLIC FACILITIES OR EXISTING UTILITY STRUCTURES THAT DO NOT EXPOSE THE SOIL OR RESULT IN THE REMOVAL OF THE VEGETATIVE COVER TO SOIL; AND~~

~~C. ACTIVITIES WHERE THERE IS ONE HUNDRED PERCENT INFILTRATION OF SURFACE WATER RUNOFF WITHIN THE SITE IN APPROVED AND INSTALLED EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL FACILITIES.~~

~~C. MINIMUM REQUIREMENT NO. 3: SOURCE CONTROL OF POLLUTION. ALL KNOWN, AVAILABLE AND REASONABLE SOURCE CONTROL BMPS MUST BE REQUIRED FOR ALL PROJECTS APPROVED BY THE CITY OF MONROE. SOURCE CONTROL BMPS MUST BE SELECTED, DESIGNED, AND MAINTAINED IN ACCORDANCE WITH VOLUME IV OF THE STORMWATER MANAGEMENT MANUAL FOR WESTERN WASHINGTON (2005) OR AN APPROVED EQUIVALENT MANUAL APPROVED BY THE DEPARTMENT.~~

~~D. MINIMUM REQUIREMENT NO. 4: PRESERVATION OF NATURAL DRAINAGE SYSTEMS AND OUTFALLS. NATURAL DRAINAGE PATTERNS SHALL BE MAINTAINED, AND DISCHARGES FROM THE PROJECT SITE SHALL OCCUR AT THE NATURAL LOCATION, TO THE MAXIMUM EXTENT PRACTICABLE. THE MANNER BY WHICH RUNOFF IS DISCHARGED FROM THE PROJECT SITE MUST NOT CAUSE A SIGNIFICANT ADVERSE IMPACT TO DOWNSTREAM RECEIVING WATERS AND DOWN GRADIENT PROPERTIES. ALL OUTFALLS REQUIRE ENERGY DISSIPATION.~~

~~E. MINIMUM REQUIREMENT NO. 5: ON-SITE STORM WATER MANAGEMENT. ON-SITE STORM WATER MANAGEMENT BMPS MUST INFILTRATE, DISPERSE, AND RETAIN STORM WATER RUNOFF ON SITE TO THE MAXIMUM EXTENT FEASIBLE WITHOUT CAUSING FLOODING OR EROSION IMPACTS. ROOF DOWNSPOUT CONTROL BMPS, FUNCTIONALLY EQUIVALENT TO THOSE DESCRIBED IN CHAPTER 3 OF VOLUME III OF THE STORMWATER MANAGEMENT MANUAL FOR WESTERN WASHINGTON (2005), AND DISPERSION AND SOIL QUALITY BMPS, FUNCTIONALLY EQUIVALENT TO THOSE IN CHAPTER 5 OF VOLUME V OF THE STORMWATER MANAGEMENT MANUAL FOR WESTERN WASHINGTON (2005), SHALL BE REQUIRED TO REDUCE THE HYDROLOGIC DISRUPTION OF DEVELOPED SITES.~~

~~F. MINIMUM REQUIREMENT NO. 6: RUNOFF TREATMENT.~~

~~1. PROJECT THRESHOLDS. THE FOLLOWING REQUIRE CONSTRUCTION OF STORM WATER TREATMENT FACILITIES (SEE TABLE 4.1 BELOW):~~

~~A. PROJECTS IN WHICH THE TOTAL OF EFFECTIVE, POLLUTION-GENERATING IMPERVIOUS SURFACE (PGIS) IS FIVE THOUSAND SQUARE FEET OR MORE IN A THRESHOLD DISCHARGE AREA OF THE PROJECT; OR~~

~~B. PROJECTS IN WHICH THE TOTAL OF POLLUTION-GENERATING PERVIOUS SURFACES (PGPS) IS THREE QUARTERS OF AN ACRE OR MORE IN A THRESHOLD DISCHARGE AREA, AND FROM WHICH THERE IS A~~

~~SURFACE DISCHARGE IN A NATURAL OR MANMADE CONVEYANCE SYSTEM FROM THE SITE.~~

~~Table 4.1 Treatment Requirements by Threshold Discharge Area~~

~~Deleted~~

~~BMPs~~

~~PGPS = POLLUTION-GENERATING PERVIOUS SURFACES
PGIS = POLLUTION-GENERATING IMPERVIOUS SURFACES
SF = SQUARE FEET~~

~~2. TREATMENT TYPE THRESHOLDS.~~

~~A. OIL CONTROL. TREATMENT TO ACHIEVE OIL CONTROL APPLIES TO PROJECTS THAT HAVE "HIGH USE SITES." HIGH USE SITES ARE THOSE THAT TYPICALLY GENERATE HIGH CONCENTRATIONS OF OIL DUE TO HIGH TRAFFIC TURNOVER OR THE FREQUENT TRANSFER OF OIL. HIGH USE SITES INCLUDE:~~

~~I. AN AREA OF A COMMERCIAL OR INDUSTRIAL SITE SUBJECT TO AN EXPECTED AVERAGE DAILY TRAFFIC (ADT) COUNT EQUAL TO OR GREATER THAN ONE HUNDRED VEHICLES PER ONE THOUSAND SQUARE FEET OF GROSS BUILDING AREA;~~

~~II. AN AREA OF A COMMERCIAL OR INDUSTRIAL SITE SUBJECT TO PETROLEUM STORAGE AND TRANSFER IN EXCESS OF ONE THOUSAND FIVE HUNDRED GALLONS PER YEAR, NOT INCLUDING ROUTINELY DELIVERED HEATING OIL;~~

~~III. AN AREA OF A COMMERCIAL OR INDUSTRIAL SITE SUBJECT TO PARKING, STORAGE OR MAINTENANCE OF TWENTY FIVE OR MORE VEHICLES THAT ARE OVER TEN TONS GROSS WEIGHT (TRUCKS, BUSES, TRAINS, HEAVY EQUIPMENT, ETC.);~~

~~IV. A ROAD INTERSECTION WITH A MEASURED ADT COUNT OF TWENTY FIVE THOUSAND VEHICLES OR MORE ON THE MAIN ROADWAY AND FIFTEEN THOUSAND VEHICLES OR MORE ON ANY INTERSECTING ROADWAY, EXCLUDING PROJECTS PROPOSING PRIMARILY PEDESTRIAN OR BICYCLE USE IMPROVEMENTS.~~

~~B. PHOSPHORUS TREATMENT. THE REQUIREMENT TO PROVIDE PHOSPHOROUS CONTROL IS DETERMINED BY THE LOCAL GOVERNMENT WITH JURISDICTION (E.G., THROUGH A LAKE MANAGEMENT PLAN), OR THE DEPARTMENT OF ECOLOGY (E.G., THROUGH A WASTE LOAD ALLOCATION). THE LOCAL GOVERNMENT MAY HAVE DEVELOPED A MANAGEMENT PLAN AND IMPLEMENTING ORDINANCES OR REGULATIONS FOR CONTROL OF PHOSPHORUS FROM NEW/REDEVELOPMENT FOR THE RECEIVING WATER(S) OF THE STORM WATER DRAINAGE. THE LOCAL GOVERNMENT CAN USE THE FOLLOWING SOURCES OF INFORMATION FOR PURSUING PLANS AND IMPLEMENTING ORDINANCES AND/OR REGULATIONS:~~

~~I. THOSE WATER BODIES REPORTED UNDER SECTION 305(B) OF THE CLEAN WATER ACT, AND DESIGNATED AS NOT SUPPORTING BENEFICIAL USES DUE TO PHOSPHOROUS;~~

~~II. THOSE LISTED IN WASHINGTON STATE'S NONPOINT SOURCE ASSESSMENT REQUIRED UNDER SECTION 319(A) OF THE CLEAN WATER ACT DUE TO NUTRIENTS.~~

~~C. ENHANCED TREATMENT. ENHANCED TREATMENT FOR REDUCTION IN DISSOLVED METALS IS REQUIRED FOR THE FOLLOWING PROJECT SITES THAT DISCHARGE TO FISH BEARING STREAMS, LAKES, OR TO WATERS OR CONVEYANCE SYSTEMS TRIBUTARY TO FISH BEARING STREAMS OR LAKES:~~

- ~~I. INDUSTRIAL PROJECT SITES;~~
- ~~II. COMMERCIAL PROJECT SITES;~~
- ~~III. MULTIFAMILY PROJECT SITES; AND~~
- ~~IV. HIGH AADT ROADS AS FOLLOWS:~~

~~(A) FULLY CONTROLLED AND PARTIALLY CONTROLLED LIMITED ACCESS HIGHWAYS WITH ANNUAL AVERAGE DAILY TRAFFIC (AADT) COUNTS OF FIFTEEN THOUSAND OR MORE.~~

~~(B) ALL OTHER ROADS WITH AN AADT OF SEVEN THOUSAND FIVE HUNDRED OR GREATER.~~

~~HOWEVER, SUCH SITES LISTED ABOVE THAT DISCHARGE DIRECTLY (OR INDIRECTLY THROUGH A MUNICIPAL STORM SEWER SYSTEM) TO BASIC TREATMENT RECEIVING WATERS (APPENDIX I-C OF THE STORMWATER MANAGEMENT MANUAL FOR WESTERN WASHINGTON (2005)), AND AREAS OF THE ABOVE LISTED PROJECT SITES THAT ARE IDENTIFIED AS SUBJECT TO BASIC TREATMENT REQUIREMENTS, ARE ALSO NOT SUBJECT TO ENHANCED TREATMENT REQUIREMENTS. FOR DEVELOPMENTS WITH A MIX OF LAND USE TYPES, THE ENHANCED TREATMENT REQUIREMENT SHALL APPLY WHEN THE RUNOFF FROM THE AREAS SUBJECT TO THE ENHANCED TREATMENT REQUIREMENT COMPRISES FIFTY PERCENT OR MORE OF THE TOTAL RUNOFF WITHIN A THRESHOLD DISCHARGE AREA.~~

~~D. BASIC TREATMENT. BASIC TREATMENT GENERALLY APPLIES TO:~~

~~I. PROJECT SITES THAT DISCHARGE TO THE GROUND, UNLESS:~~

~~(A) THE SOIL SUITABILITY CRITERIA FOR INFILTRATION TREATMENT ARE MET (SEE CHAPTER 3 OF VOLUME III OF THE STORMWATER MANAGEMENT MANUAL FOR WESTERN WASHINGTON (2005) FOR SOIL SUITABILITY CRITERIA); OR~~

~~(B) THE PROJECT USES INFILTRATION STRICTLY FOR FLOW CONTROL NOT TREATMENT AND THE DISCHARGE IS WITHIN ONE-QUARTER MILE OF A PHOSPHORUS SENSITIVE LAKE (USE A PHOSPHORUS TREATMENT FACILITY), OR WITHIN ONE-QUARTER MILE OF A FISH BEARING STREAM, OR A LAKE (USE AN ENHANCED TREATMENT FACILITY).~~

~~II. RESIDENTIAL PROJECTS NOT OTHERWISE NEEDING PHOSPHORUS CONTROL AS DESIGNATED BY USEPA, THE DEPARTMENT OF ECOLOGY, OR BY THE CITY OF MONROE; AND~~

~~III. PROJECT SITES DISCHARGING DIRECTLY TO SALT WATERS, RIVER SEGMENTS, AND LAKES LISTED IN APPENDIX I-C OF THE STORMWATER MANAGEMENT MANUAL FOR WESTERN WASHINGTON (2005); AND~~

~~IV. PROJECT SITES THAT DRAIN TO STREAMS THAT ARE NOT FISH-BEARING, OR TO WATERS NOT TRIBUTARY TO FISH-BEARING STREAMS;~~

~~V. LANDSCAPED AREAS OF INDUSTRIAL, COMMERCIAL, AND MULTIFAMILY PROJECT SITES, AND PARKING LOTS OF INDUSTRIAL AND COMMERCIAL PROJECT SITES THAT DO NOT INVOLVE POLLUTION-GENERATING SOURCES (E.G., INDUSTRIAL ACTIVITIES, CUSTOMER PARKING, STORAGE OF ERODIBLE OR LEACHABLE MATERIAL, WASTES OR CHEMICALS) OTHER THAN PARKING OF EMPLOYEES' PRIVATE VEHICLES. FOR DEVELOPMENTS WITH A MIX OF LAND USE TYPES, THE BASIC TREATMENT REQUIREMENT SHALL APPLY WHEN THE RUNOFF FROM THE AREAS SUBJECT TO THE BASIC TREATMENT REQUIREMENT COMPRISES FIFTY PERCENT OR MORE OF THE TOTAL RUNOFF WITHIN A THRESHOLD DISCHARGE AREA.~~

~~3. TREATMENT FACILITY SIZING.~~

~~A. WATER QUALITY DESIGN STORM VOLUME. THE VOLUME OF RUNOFF PREDICTED FROM A TWENTY-FOUR HOUR STORM WITH A SIX-MONTH RETURN FREQUENCY (A.K.A., SIX-MONTH, TWENTY-FOUR HOUR STORM). WETPOOL FACILITIES ARE SIZED BASED UPON THE VOLUME OF RUNOFF PREDICTED THROUGH USE OF THE NATURAL RESOURCE CONSERVATION SERVICE CURVE NUMBER EQUATIONS IN CHAPTER 2 OF VOLUME III OF THE STORMWATER MANAGEMENT MANUAL FOR WESTERN WASHINGTON (2005), FOR THE SIX-MONTH, TWENTY-FOUR HOUR STORM. ALTERNATIVELY, THE NINETY-FIRST PERCENTILE, TWENTY-FOUR HOUR RUNOFF VOLUME INDICATED BY AN APPROVED CONTINUOUS RUNOFF MODEL MAY BE USED.~~

~~4. WATER QUALITY DESIGN FLOW RATE.~~

~~A. PRECEDING DETENTION FACILITIES OR WHEN DETENTION FACILITIES ARE NOT REQUIRED. THE FLOW RATE AT OR BELOW WHICH NINETY-ONE PERCENT OF THE RUNOFF VOLUME, AS ESTIMATED BY AN APPROVED CONTINUOUS RUNOFF MODEL, WILL BE TREATED. DESIGN CRITERIA FOR TREATMENT FACILITIES ARE ASSIGNED TO ACHIEVE THE APPLICABLE PERFORMANCE GOAL AT THE WATER QUALITY DESIGN FLOW RATE (E.G., EIGHTY PERCENT TSS REMOVAL).~~

~~B. DOWNSTREAM OF DETENTION FACILITIES. THE WATER QUALITY DESIGN FLOW RATE MUST BE THE FULL TWO-YEAR RELEASE RATE FROM THE DETENTION FACILITY.~~

~~ALTERNATIVE METHODS MAY BE USED IF THEY IDENTIFY VOLUMES AND FLOW RATES THAT ARE AT LEAST EQUIVALENT.~~

~~THAT PORTION OF ANY DEVELOPMENT PROJECT IN WHICH THE ABOVE PGIS OR PGPS THRESHOLDS ARE NOT EXCEEDED IN A THRESHOLD DISCHARGE AREA SHALL APPLY ON-SITE STORM WATER MANAGEMENT BMPs IN ACCORDANCE WITH MINIMUM REQUIREMENT NO. 5.~~

~~5. TREATMENT FACILITY SELECTION, DESIGN, AND MAINTENANCE. STORM WATER TREATMENT FACILITIES SHALL BE:~~

~~A. SELECTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE PROCESS IDENTIFIED IN CHAPTER 4 OF VOLUME I OF THE STORMWATER MANAGEMENT MANUAL FOR WESTERN WASHINGTON (2005);~~

~~B. DESIGNED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE DESIGN CRITERIA IN VOLUME V OF THE STORMWATER MANAGEMENT MANUAL FOR WESTERN WASHINGTON (2005); AND~~

~~C. MAINTAINED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE MAINTENANCE SCHEDULE IN VOLUME V OF THE STORMWATER MANAGEMENT MANUAL FOR WESTERN WASHINGTON (2005).~~

~~6. ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS. THE DISCHARGE OF UNTREATED STORM WATER FROM POLLUTION-GENERATING IMPERVIOUS SURFACES TO GROUND WATER IS NOT PERMITTED, EXCEPT FOR THE DISCHARGE ACHIEVED BY INFILTRATION OR DISPERSION OF RUNOFF FROM RESIDENTIAL SITES THROUGH USE OF ON-SITE STORM WATER MANAGEMENT BMPs.~~

~~G. MINIMUM REQUIREMENT NO. 7: FLOW CONTROL.~~

~~1. APPLICABILITY. EXCEPT AS PROVIDED BELOW, ALL PROJECTS MUST PROVIDE FLOW CONTROL TO REDUCE THE IMPACTS OF STORM WATER RUNOFF FROM IMPERVIOUS SURFACES AND LAND COVER CONVERSIONS. THE REQUIREMENT BELOW APPLIES TO PROJECTS THAT DISCHARGE STORM WATER DIRECTLY, OR INDIRECTLY THROUGH A CONVEYANCE SYSTEM, INTO FRESH WATER.~~

~~FLOW CONTROL IS NOT REQUIRED FOR PROJECTS THAT DISCHARGE DIRECTLY TO, OR INDIRECTLY THROUGH, AN MS4 TO A WATER LISTED IN APPENDIX E OF THE STORMWATER MANAGEMENT MANUAL FOR WESTERN WASHINGTON (2005) SUBJECT TO THE FOLLOWING RESTRICTIONS:~~

~~A. DIRECT DISCHARGE TO THE EXEMPT RECEIVING WATER DOES NOT RESULT IN THE DIVERSION OF DRAINAGE FROM ANY PERENNIAL STREAM CLASSIFIED AS TYPE 1, 2, 3, OR 4 IN THE STATE OF WASHINGTON INTERIM WATER TYPING SYSTEM, OR TYPE "S," "F," OR "NP" IN THE PERMANENT WATER TYPING SYSTEM, OR FROM ANY CATEGORY I, II, OR III WETLAND; AND~~

~~B. FLOW SPLITTING DEVICES OR DRAINAGE BMPs ARE APPLIED TO ROUTE NATURAL RUNOFF VOLUMES FROM THE PROJECT SITE TO ANY DOWNSTREAM TYPE 5 STREAM OR CATEGORY IV WETLAND:~~

~~I. DESIGN OF FLOW SPLITTING DEVICES OR DRAINAGE BMPs WILL BE BASED ON CONTINUOUS HYDROLOGIC MODELING ANALYSIS. THE DESIGN WILL ASSURE THAT FLOWS DELIVERED TO TYPE 5 STREAM REACHES WILL APPROXIMATE, BUT IN NO CASE EXCEED, DURATIONS RANGING FROM FIFTY PERCENT OF THE TWO-YEAR TO THE FIFTY-YEAR PEAK FLOW.~~

~~II. FLOW SPLITTING DEVICES OR DRAINAGE BMPs THAT DELIVER FLOW TO CATEGORY IV WETLANDS WILL ALSO BE DESIGNED USING CONTINUOUS HYDROLOGIC MODELING TO PRESERVE PREPROJECT WETLAND HYDROLOGIC CONDITIONS UNLESS SPECIFICALLY WAIVED OR EXEMPTED BY REGULATORY AGENCIES WITH PERMITTING JURISDICTION; AND~~

~~C. THE PROJECT SITE MUST BE DRAINED BY A CONVEYANCE SYSTEM THAT IS COMPRISED ENTIRELY OF MANMADE CONVEYANCE ELEMENTS (E.G., PIPES, DITCHES, OUTFALL PROTECTION, ETC.) AND EXTENDS TO~~

~~THE ORDINARY HIGH WATER LINE OF THE EXEMPT RECEIVING WATER;
AND~~

~~D. THE CONVEYANCE SYSTEM BETWEEN THE PROJECT SITE AND THE EXEMPT RECEIVING WATER SHALL HAVE SUFFICIENT HYDRAULIC CAPACITY TO CONVEY DISCHARGES FROM FUTURE BUILD-OUT CONDITIONS (UNDER CURRENT ZONING) OF THE SITE, AND THE EXISTING CONDITION FROM NONPROJECT AREAS FROM WHICH RUNOFF IS OR WILL BE COLLECTED; AND~~

~~E. ANY ERODIBLE ELEMENTS OF THE MANMADE CONVEYANCE SYSTEM MUST BE ADEQUATELY STABILIZED TO PREVENT EROSION UNDER THE CONDITIONS NOTED ABOVE.~~

~~IF THE DISCHARGE IS TO A STREAM THAT LEADS TO A WETLAND, OR TO A WETLAND THAT HAS AN OUTFLOW TO A STREAM, BOTH THIS MINIMUM REQUIREMENT (MINIMUM REQUIREMENT NO. 7) AND MINIMUM REQUIREMENT NO. 8 APPLY.~~

~~2. THRESHOLDS. THE FOLLOWING REQUIRE CONSTRUCTION OF FLOW CONTROL FACILITIES AND/OR LAND USE MANAGEMENT BMPs THAT WILL ACHIEVE THE STANDARD FLOW CONTROL REQUIREMENT FOR WESTERN WASHINGTON (SEE TABLE 4.2):~~

~~A. PROJECTS IN WHICH THE TOTAL OF EFFECTIVE IMPERVIOUS SURFACES IS TEN THOUSAND SQUARE FEET OR MORE IN A THRESHOLD DISCHARGE AREA; OR~~

~~B. PROJECTS THAT CONVERT THREE-QUARTERS ACRES OR MORE OF NATIVE VEGETATION TO LAWN OR LANDSCAPE, OR CONVERT TWO AND ONE-HALF ACRES OR MORE OF NATIVE VEGETATION TO PASTURE IN A THRESHOLD DISCHARGE AREA, AND FROM WHICH THERE IS A SURFACE DISCHARGE IN A NATURAL OR MANMADE CONVEYANCE SYSTEM FROM THE SITE; OR~~

~~C. PROJECTS THAT THROUGH A COMBINATION OF EFFECTIVE IMPERVIOUS SURFACES AND CONVERTED PERVIOUS SURFACES CAUSE A ONE-TENTH CUBIC FOOT PER SECOND INCREASE IN THE ONE-HUNDRED-YEAR FLOW FREQUENCY FROM A THRESHOLD DISCHARGE AREA AS ESTIMATED USING THE WESTERN WASHINGTON HYDROLOGY MODEL OR OTHER APPROVED MODEL.~~

~~THAT PORTION OF ANY DEVELOPMENT PROJECT IN WHICH THE ABOVE THRESHOLDS ARE NOT EXCEEDED IN A THRESHOLD DISCHARGE AREA SHALL APPLY ON-SITE STORMWATER MANAGEMENT BMPs IN ACCORDANCE WITH MINIMUM REQUIREMENT NO. 5.~~

Table 4.2 Flow Control Requirements by Threshold Discharge Area

	Flow Control Facilities	On-site Stormwater Management BMPs
--	-------------------------	------------------------------------

Deleted

Impervious area		
> 10,000 square feet of effective impervious area	✓	✓
> 0.1 cubic feet per second increase in the 100-year flood frequency	✓	✓

~~3. STANDARD FLOW CONTROL REQUIREMENT. STORM WATER DISCHARGES SHALL MATCH DEVELOPED DISCHARGE DURATIONS TO PREDEVELOPED DURATIONS FOR THE RANGE OF PREDEVELOPED DISCHARGE RATES FROM FIFTY PERCENT OF THE TWO-YEAR PEAK FLOW UP TO THE FULL FIFTY YEAR PEAK FLOW. THE PREDEVELOPED CONDITION TO BE MATCHED SHALL BE A FORESTED LAND COVER UNLESS:~~

~~A. REASONABLE, HISTORIC INFORMATION IS AVAILABLE THAT INDICATES THE SITE WAS PRAIRIE PRIOR TO SETTLEMENT (MODELED AS "PASTURE" IN THE WESTERN WASHINGTON HYDROLOGY MODEL); OR~~

~~B. THE DRAINAGE AREA OF THE IMMEDIATE STREAM AND ALL SUBSEQUENT DOWNSTREAM BASINS HAS HAD AT LEAST FORTY PERCENT TOTAL IMPERVIOUS AREA SINCE 1985. IN THIS CASE, THE PREDEVELOPED CONDITION TO BE MATCHED SHALL BE THE EXISTING LAND COVER CONDITION. WHERE BASIN-SPECIFIC STUDIES DETERMINE A STREAM CHANNEL TO BE UNSTABLE, EVEN THOUGH THE ABOVE CRITERION IS MET, THE PREDEVELOPED CONDITION ASSUMPTION SHALL BE THE "HISTORIC" LAND COVER CONDITION, OR A LAND COVER CONDITION COMMENSURATE WITH ACHIEVING A TARGET FLOW REGIME IDENTIFIED BY AN APPROVED BASIN STUDY.~~

~~THIS STANDARD REQUIREMENT IS WAIVED FOR SITES THAT WILL RELIABLY INFILTRATE ALL THE RUNOFF FROM IMPERVIOUS SURFACES AND CONVERTED PERVIOUS SURFACES.~~

~~4. WESTERN WASHINGTON ALTERNATIVE REQUIREMENT. AN ALTERNATIVE REQUIREMENT MAY BE ESTABLISHED THROUGH APPLICATION OF WATERSHED-SCALE HYDROLOGICAL MODELING AND SUPPORTING FIELD OBSERVATIONS. POSSIBLE REASONS FOR AN ALTERNATIVE FLOW CONTROL REQUIREMENT INCLUDE:~~

~~A. ESTABLISHMENT OF A STREAM-SPECIFIC THRESHOLD OF SIGNIFICANT BEDLOAD MOVEMENT OTHER THAN THE ASSUMED FIFTY PERCENT OF THE TWO-YEAR PEAK FLOW;~~

~~B. ZONING AND LAND-CLEARING ORDINANCE RESTRICTIONS THAT, IN COMBINATION WITH AN ALTERNATIVE FLOW CONTROL STANDARD, MAINTAIN OR REDUCE THE NATURALLY OCCURRING EROSION FORCES ON THE STREAM CHANNEL; OR~~

~~A DURATION CONTROL STANDARD IS NOT NECESSARY FOR PROTECTION, MAINTENANCE, OR RESTORATION OF DESIGNATED BENEFICIAL USES OR CLEAN WATER ACT COMPLIANCE.~~

~~SEE MMC 15.01.077 FOR DETAILS ON HOW ALTERNATIVE FLOW CONTROL REQUIREMENTS MAY BE ESTABLISHED.~~

~~5. ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENT. FLOW CONTROL BMPs SHALL BE SELECTED, DESIGNED, AND MAINTAINED IN ACCORDANCE WITH VOLUME III OF THE STORMWATER MANAGEMENT MANUAL FOR WESTERN WASHINGTON (2005) OR AN APPROVED EQUIVALENT.~~

~~H. MINIMUM REQUIREMENT NO. 8: WETLANDS PROTECTION.~~

~~1. APPLICABILITY. THE REQUIREMENTS BELOW APPLY ONLY TO PROJECTS WHOSE STORM WATER DISCHARGES INTO A WETLAND, EITHER DIRECTLY OR INDIRECTLY THROUGH A CONVEYANCE SYSTEM. THESE REQUIREMENTS~~

~~MUST BE MET IN ADDITION TO MEETING MINIMUM REQUIREMENT NO. 6; RUNOFF TREATMENT.~~

~~2. THRESHOLDS. THE THRESHOLDS IDENTIFIED IN MINIMUM REQUIREMENT NO. 6— RUNOFF TREATMENT, AND MINIMUM REQUIREMENT NO. 7— FLOW CONTROL SHALL ALSO BE APPLIED FOR DISCHARGES TO WETLANDS.~~

~~3. STANDARD REQUIREMENT. DISCHARGES TO WETLANDS SHALL MAINTAIN THE HYDROLOGIC CONDITIONS, HYDROPHYTIC VEGETATION, AND SUBSTRATE CHARACTERISTICS NECESSARY TO SUPPORT EXISTING AND DESIGNATED USES. THE HYDROLOGIC ANALYSIS SHALL USE THE EXISTING LAND COVER CONDITION TO DETERMINE THE EXISTING HYDROLOGIC CONDITIONS UNLESS DIRECTED OTHERWISE BY A REGULATORY AGENCY WITH JURISDICTION. A WETLAND CAN BE CONSIDERED FOR HYDROLOGIC MODIFICATION AND/OR STORM WATER TREATMENT IN ACCORDANCE WITH GUIDE SHEET 1B IN APPENDIX 1D OF THE STORMWATER MANAGEMENT MANUAL FOR WESTERN WASHINGTON (2005).~~

~~4. ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS. STORM WATER TREATMENT AND FLOW CONTROL FACILITIES SHALL NOT BE BUILT WITHIN A NATURAL VEGETATED BUFFER, EXCEPT FOR:~~

~~A. NECESSARY CONVEYANCE SYSTEMS AS APPROVED BY THE CITY OF MONROE; OR~~

~~B. AS ALLOWED IN WETLANDS APPROVED FOR HYDROLOGIC MODIFICATION AND/OR TREATMENT IN ACCORDANCE WITH GUIDE SHEET 1B IN APPENDIX 1D OF THE STORMWATER MANAGEMENT MANUAL FOR WESTERN WASHINGTON (2005).~~

~~AN ADOPTED AND IMPLEMENTED BASIN PLAN PREPARED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE PROVISIONS OF MMC 15.01.077 MAY BE USED TO DEVELOP REQUIREMENTS FOR WETLANDS THAT ARE TAILORED TO A SPECIFIC BASIN.~~

~~I. MINIMUM REQUIREMENT NO. 9: OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE. AN OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE MANUAL THAT IS CONSISTENT WITH THE PROVISIONS IN VOLUME V OF THE STORMWATER MANAGEMENT MANUAL FOR WESTERN WASHINGTON (2005) MUST BE SUBMITTED FOR APPROVAL FOR ALL PROPOSED STORM WATER FACILITIES AND BMPS. THE PARTY (OR PARTIES) RESPONSIBLE FOR MAINTENANCE AND OPERATION SHALL BE IDENTIFIED IN THE OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE MANUAL. FOR PRIVATE FACILITIES, A COPY OF THE MANUAL SHALL BE RETAINED ON SITE OR WITHIN REASONABLE ACCESS TO THE SITE, AND SHALL BE TRANSFERRED WITH THE PROPERTY TO THE NEW OWNER. FOR PUBLIC FACILITIES, A COPY OF THE MANUAL SHALL BE RETAINED IN THE APPROPRIATE DEPARTMENT. A LOG OF MAINTENANCE ACTIVITY THAT INDICATES WHAT ACTIONS WERE TAKEN SHALL BE KEPT AND BE AVAILABLE FOR INSPECTION BY THE LOCAL GOVERNMENT.]~~

15.01.050 Repealed[CONSTRUCTION— STORM— WATER— POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN (SWPPP) ELEMENTS].

[THE CONSTRUCTION SITE OPERATOR SHALL INCLUDE EACH OF THE TWELVE ELEMENTS BELOW IN THE SWPPP AND ENSURE THAT THEY ARE IMPLEMENTED UNLESS SITE CONDITIONS RENDER THE ELEMENT UNNECESSARY AND THE EXEMPTION FROM THAT ELEMENT IS CLEARLY JUSTIFIED IN THE SWPPP. THE

~~SWPPP SHALL INCLUDE BOTH NARRATIVE AND DRAWINGS. ALL BMPS SHALL BE CLEARLY REFERENCED IN THE NARRATIVE AND MARKED ON THE DRAWINGS. THE SWPPP NARRATIVE SHALL INCLUDE DOCUMENTATION TO EXPLAIN AND JUSTIFY THE POLLUTION PREVENTION DECISIONS MADE FOR THE PROJECT.~~

~~A. PRESERVE VEGETATION/MARK CLEARING LIMITS.~~

~~1. PRIOR TO BEGINNING LAND DISTURBING ACTIVITIES, INCLUDING CLEARING AND GRADING, CLEARLY MARK ALL CLEARING LIMITS, SENSITIVE AREAS AND THEIR BUFFERS, AND TREES THAT ARE TO BE PRESERVED WITHIN THE CONSTRUCTION AREA.~~

~~2. THE DUFF LAYER, NATIVE TOP SOIL, AND NATURAL VEGETATION SHALL BE RETAINED IN AN UNDISTURBED STATE TO THE MAXIMUM DEGREE PRACTICABLE.~~

~~B. ESTABLISH CONSTRUCTION ACCESS.~~

~~1. CONSTRUCTION VEHICLE ACCESS AND EXIT SHALL BE LIMITED TO ONE ROUTE, IF POSSIBLE.~~

~~2. ACCESS POINTS SHALL BE STABILIZED WITH QUARRY SPALLS, CRUSHED ROCK OR OTHER EQUIVALENT BMP TO MINIMIZE THE TRACKING OF SEDIMENT ONTO PUBLIC ROADS.~~

~~3. WHEEL WASH OR TIRE BATHS SHALL BE LOCATED ON SITE, IF THE STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE IS NOT EFFECTIVE IN PREVENTING SEDIMENT FROM BEING TRACKED ONTO PUBLIC ROADS.~~

~~4. IF SEDIMENT IS TRACKED OFF SITE, ROADS SHALL BE CLEANED THOROUGHLY AT THE END OF EACH DAY, OR MORE FREQUENTLY DURING WET WEATHER. SEDIMENT SHALL BE REMOVED FROM ROADS BY SHOVELING OR PICKUP SWEEPING AND SHALL BE TRANSPORTED TO A CONTROLLED SEDIMENT DISPOSAL AREA.~~

~~5. STREET WASHING IS ALLOWED ONLY AFTER SEDIMENT IS REMOVED IN ACCORDANCE WITH SUBSECTION (B)(4) OF THIS SECTION. STREET WASH WASTEWATER SHALL BE CONTROLLED BY PUMPING BACK ON SITE OR OTHERWISE BE PREVENTED FROM DISCHARGING INTO SYSTEMS TRIBUTARY TO WATERS OF THE STATE.~~

~~C. CONTROL FLOW RATES.~~

~~1. PROPERTIES AND WATERWAYS DOWNSTREAM FROM DEVELOPMENT SITES SHALL BE PROTECTED FROM EROSION DUE TO INCREASES IN THE VELOCITY AND PEAK VOLUMETRIC FLOW RATE OF STORM WATER RUNOFF FROM THE PROJECT SITE.~~

~~2. WHERE NECESSARY TO COMPLY WITH SUBSECTION (C)(1) OF THIS SECTION, STORM WATER RETENTION OR DETENTION FACILITIES SHALL BE CONSTRUCTED AS ONE OF THE FIRST STEPS IN GRADING. DETENTION FACILITIES SHALL BE FUNCTIONAL PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION OF SITE IMPROVEMENTS (E.G., IMPERVIOUS SURFACES).~~

~~3. IF PERMANENT INFILTRATION PONDS ARE USED FOR FLOW CONTROL DURING CONSTRUCTION, THESE FACILITIES SHOULD BE PROTECTED FROM SILTATION DURING THE CONSTRUCTION PHASE.~~

~~D. INSTALL SEDIMENT CONTROLS.~~

~~1. STORM WATER RUNOFF FROM DISTURBED AREAS SHALL PASS THROUGH A SEDIMENT POND, OR OTHER APPROPRIATE SEDIMENT REMOVAL BMP, PRIOR TO LEAVING A CONSTRUCTION SITE OR PRIOR TO~~

~~DISCHARGE TO AN INFILTRATION FACILITY. RUNOFF FROM FULLY STABILIZED AREAS MAY BE DISCHARGED WITHOUT A SEDIMENT REMOVAL BMP, BUT SHALL MEET THE FLOW CONTROL PERFORMANCE STANDARD OF SUBSECTION (C)(1) OF THIS SECTION.~~

~~2. SEDIMENT CONTROL BMPS (SEDIMENT PONDS, TRAPS, FILTERS, ETC.) SHALL BE CONSTRUCTED AS ONE OF THE FIRST STEPS IN GRADING. THESE BMPS SHALL BE FUNCTIONAL BEFORE OTHER LAND DISTURBING ACTIVITIES TAKE PLACE.~~

~~3. BMPS INTENDED TO TRAP SEDIMENT ON SITE SHALL BE LOCATED IN A MANNER TO AVOID INTERFERENCE WITH THE MOVEMENT OF JUVENILE SALMONIDS ATTEMPTING TO ENTER OFF-CHANNEL AREAS OR DRAINAGES.~~

~~E. STABILIZE SOILS.~~

~~1. EXPOSED AND UNWORKED SOILS SHALL BE STABILIZED BY APPLICATION OF EFFECTIVE BMPS THAT PREVENT EROSION.~~

~~2. NO SOILS SHOULD REMAIN EXPOSED AND UNWORKED FOR MORE THAN THE TIME PERIODS SET FORTH BELOW TO PREVENT EROSION:~~

~~A. DURING THE DRY SEASON (MAY 1ST THROUGH SEPTEMBER 30TH); SEVEN DAYS.~~

~~B. DURING THE WET SEASON (OCTOBER 1ST THROUGH APRIL 30TH); TWO DAYS.~~

~~3. THE TIME PERIOD MAY BE ADJUSTED BY THE CITY OF MONROE, IF THE APPLICANT CAN SHOW THAT LOCAL PRECIPITATION DATA JUSTIFY A DIFFERENT STANDARD.~~

~~4. SOILS SHALL BE STABILIZED AT THE END OF THE SHIFT BEFORE A HOLIDAY OR WEEKEND IF NEEDED BASED ON THE WEATHER FORECAST.~~

~~5. SOIL STOCKPILES MUST BE STABILIZED FROM EROSION, PROTECTED WITH SEDIMENT TRAPPING MEASURES, AND WHERE POSSIBLE, BE LOCATED AWAY FROM STORM DRAIN INLETS, WATERWAYS AND DRAINAGE CHANNELS.~~

~~F. PROTECT SLOPES.~~

~~1. DESIGN AND CONSTRUCT CUT AND FILL SLOPES IN A MANNER THAT WILL MINIMIZE EROSION.~~

~~2. OFF-SITE STORM WATER (RUN ON) OR GROUNDWATER SHALL BE DIVERTED AWAY FROM SLOPES AND UNDISTURBED AREAS WITH INTERCEPTOR DIKES, PIPES AND/OR SWALES. OFF-SITE STORM WATER SHOULD BE MANAGED SEPARATELY FROM STORM WATER GENERATED ON THE SITE.~~

~~3. AT THE TOP OF SLOPES, COLLECT DRAINAGE IN PIPE SLOPE DRAINS OR PROTECTED CHANNELS TO PREVENT EROSION. TEMPORARY PIPE SLOPE DRAINS SHALL HANDLE THE EXPECTED PEAK TEN-MINUTE FLOW VELOCITY FROM A TYPE 1A, TEN-YEAR, TWENTY-FOUR HOUR FREQUENCY STORM FOR THE DEVELOPED CONDITION. ALTERNATIVELY, THE TEN-YEAR, ONE-HOUR FLOW RATE PREDICTED BY AN APPROVED CONTINUOUS RUNOFF MODEL, INCREASED BY A FACTOR OF 1.6, MAY BE USED. THE HYDROLOGIC ANALYSIS SHALL USE THE EXISTING LAND COVER CONDITION FOR PREDICTING FLOW RATES FROM TRIBUTARY AREAS OUTSIDE THE PROJECT LIMITS. FOR TRIBUTARY AREAS ON THE PROJECT SITE, THE ANALYSIS SHALL USE THE TEMPORARY OR PERMANENT PROJECT LAND COVER CONDITION,~~

~~WHICHEVER WILL PRODUCE THE HIGHEST FLOW RATES. IF USING THE WESTERN WASHINGTON HYDROLOGY MODEL TO PREDICT FLOWS, BARE SOIL AREAS SHOULD BE MODELED AS "LANDSCAPED AREA."~~

~~4. EXCAVATED MATERIAL SHALL BE PLACED ON THE UPHILL SIDE OF TRENCHES, CONSISTENT WITH SAFETY AND SPACE CONSIDERATIONS.~~

~~5. CHECK DAMS SHALL BE PLACED AT REGULAR INTERVALS WITHIN CONSTRUCTED CHANNELS THAT ARE CUT DOWN A SLOPE.]~~

~~G. PROTECT DRAIN INLETS.~~

~~1. STORM DRAIN INLETS MADE OPERABLE DURING CONSTRUCTION SHALL BE PROTECTED SO THAT STORM WATER RUNOFF DOES NOT ENTER THE CONVEYANCE SYSTEM WITHOUT FIRST BEING FILTERED OR TREATED TO REMOVE SEDIMENT.~~

~~2. INLET PROTECTION DEVICES SHALL BE CLEANED OR REMOVED AND REPLACED WHEN SEDIMENT HAS FILLED ONE THIRD OF THE AVAILABLE STORAGE (UNLESS A DIFFERENT STANDARD IS SPECIFIED BY THE PRODUCT MANUFACTURER).~~

~~H. STABILIZE CHANNELS AND OUTLETS.~~

~~1. ALL TEMPORARY ON SITE CONVEYANCE CHANNELS SHALL BE DESIGNED, CONSTRUCTED, AND STABILIZED TO PREVENT EROSION FROM THE FOLLOWING EXPECTED PEAK FLOWS. CHANNELS SHALL HANDLE THE EXPECTED PEAK TEN-MINUTE FLOW VELOCITY FROM A TYPE 1A, TEN-YEAR, TWENTY-FOUR HOUR FREQUENCY STORM FOR THE DEVELOPED CONDITION. ALTERNATIVELY, THE TEN-YEAR, ONE HOUR FLOW RATE PREDICTED BY AN APPROVED CONTINUOUS RUNOFF MODEL, INCREASED BY A FACTOR OF 1.6, MAY BE USED. THE HYDROLOGIC ANALYSIS SHALL USE THE EXISTING LAND COVER CONDITION FOR PREDICTING FLOW RATES FROM TRIBUTARY AREAS OUTSIDE THE PROJECT LIMITS. FOR TRIBUTARY AREAS ON THE PROJECT SITE, THE ANALYSIS SHALL USE THE TEMPORARY OR PERMANENT PROJECT LAND COVER CONDITION, WHICHEVER WILL PRODUCE THE HIGHEST FLOW RATES. IF USING THE WESTERN WASHINGTON HYDROLOGY MODEL TO PREDICT FLOWS, BARE SOIL AREAS SHOULD BE MODELED AS "LANDSCAPED AREA."~~

~~2. STABILIZATION, INCLUDING ARMORING MATERIAL, ADEQUATE TO PREVENT EROSION OF OUTLETS, ADJACENT STREAM BANKS, SLOPES, AND DOWNSTREAM REACHES, SHALL BE PROVIDED AT THE OUTLETS OF ALL CONVEYANCE SYSTEMS.~~

~~I. CONTROL POLLUTANTS.~~

~~1. ALL POLLUTANTS, INCLUDING WASTE MATERIALS AND DEMOLITION DEBRIS, THAT OCCUR ON SITE SHALL BE HANDLED AND DISPOSED OF IN A MANNER THAT DOES NOT CAUSE CONTAMINATION OF STORM WATER.~~

~~2. COVER, CONTAINMENT, AND PROTECTION FROM VANDALISM SHALL BE PROVIDED FOR ALL CHEMICALS, LIQUID PRODUCTS, PETROLEUM PRODUCTS, AND OTHER MATERIALS THAT HAVE THE POTENTIAL TO POSE A THREAT TO HUMAN HEALTH OR THE ENVIRONMENT. ON-SITE FUELING TANKS SHALL INCLUDE SECONDARY CONTAINMENT.~~

~~3. MAINTENANCE, FUELING AND REPAIR OF HEAVY EQUIPMENT AND VEHICLES SHALL BE CONDUCTED USING SPILL PREVENTION AND CONTROL~~

~~MEASURES. CONTAMINATED SURFACES SHALL BE CLEANED IMMEDIATELY FOLLOWING ANY SPILL INCIDENT.~~

~~4. WHEEL WASH OR TIRE BATH WASTEWATER SHALL BE DISCHARGED TO A SEPARATE ON-SITE TREATMENT SYSTEM OR TO THE SANITARY SEWER WITH LOCAL SEWER DISTRICT APPROVAL.~~

~~5. APPLICATION OF FERTILIZERS AND PESTICIDES SHALL BE CONDUCTED IN A MANNER AND AT APPLICATION RATES THAT WILL NOT RESULT IN LOSS OF CHEMICAL TO STORM WATER RUNOFF. MANUFACTURERS' LABEL REQUIREMENTS FOR APPLICATION RATES AND PROCEDURES SHALL BE FOLLOWED.~~

~~6. BMPs SHALL BE USED TO PREVENT OR TREAT CONTAMINATION OF STORM WATER RUNOFF BY PH MODIFYING SOURCES. THESE SOURCES INCLUDE, BUT ARE NOT LIMITED TO: BULK CEMENT, CEMENT KILN DUST, FLY ASH, NEW CONCRETE WASHING AND CURING WATERS, WASTE STREAMS GENERATED FROM CONCRETE GRINDING AND SAWING, EXPOSED AGGREGATE PROCESSES, DE-WATERING CONCRETE VAULTS, CONCRETE PUMPING AND MIXER WASHOUT WATERS. CONSTRUCTION SITE OPERATORS SHALL ADJUST THE PH OF STORM WATER IF NECESSARY TO PREVENT VIOLATIONS OF WATER QUALITY STANDARDS.~~

~~7. CONSTRUCTION SITE OPERATORS SHALL OBTAIN WRITTEN APPROVAL FROM THE DEPARTMENT OF ECOLOGY PRIOR TO USING CHEMICAL TREATMENT OTHER THAN CO2 OR DRY ICE TO ADJUST PH.~~

~~J. CONTROL DE-WATERING.~~

~~1. FOUNDATION, VAULT, AND TRENCH DE-WATERING WATER, WHICH HAVE SIMILAR CHARACTERISTICS TO STORM WATER RUNOFF AT THE SITE, SHALL BE DISCHARGED INTO A CONTROLLED CONVEYANCE SYSTEM PRIOR TO DISCHARGE TO A SEDIMENT TRAP OR SEDIMENT POND.~~

~~2. CLEAN, NONTURBID DE-WATERING WATER, SUCH AS WELL-POINT GROUND WATER, CAN BE DISCHARGED TO SYSTEMS TRIBUTARY TO, OR DIRECTLY INTO, SURFACE WATERS OF THE STATE, AS SPECIFIED IN SUBSECTION (I) OF THIS SECTION, PROVIDED THE DE-WATERING FLOW DOES NOT CAUSE EROSION OR FLOODING OF RECEIVING WATERS. CLEAN DE-WATERING WATER SHOULD NOT BE ROUTED THROUGH STORM WATER SEDIMENT PONDS.~~

~~3. OTHER DE-WATERING DISPOSAL OPTIONS MAY INCLUDE: (A) INFILTRATION; (B) TRANSPORT OFF SITE IN VEHICLE, SUCH AS A VACUUM FLUSH TRUCK, FOR LEGAL DISPOSAL IN A MANNER THAT DOES NOT POLLUTE STATE WATERS; (C) ON-SITE CHEMICAL TREATMENT OR OTHER SUITABLE TREATMENT TECHNOLOGIES APPROVED BY THE CITY OF MONROE; (D) SANITARY SEWER DISCHARGE WITH LOCAL SEWER DISTRICT APPROVAL, IF THERE IS NO OTHER OPTION; OR (E) USE OF A SEDIMENTATION BAG WITH OUTFALL TO A DITCH OR SWALE FOR SMALL VOLUMES OF LOCALIZED DE-WATERING.~~

~~4. HIGHLY TURBID OR CONTAMINATED DE-WATERING WATER SHALL BE HANDLED SEPARATELY FROM STORM WATER.~~

~~K. MAINTAIN BMPs.~~

~~1. ALL TEMPORARY AND PERMANENT EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL BMPs SHALL BE INSPECTED, MAINTAINED AND REPAIRED AS NEEDED TO~~

~~ASSURE CONTINUED PERFORMANCE OF THEIR INTENDED FUNCTION IN ACCORDANCE WITH BMP SPECIFICATIONS.~~

~~2. ALL TEMPORARY EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL BMPs SHALL BE REMOVED WITHIN THIRTY DAYS AFTER FINAL SITE STABILIZATION IS ACHIEVED OR AFTER THE TEMPORARY BMPs ARE NO LONGER NEEDED.~~

~~L. — MANAGE THE PROJECT.~~

~~1. DEVELOPMENT PROJECTS SHALL BE PHASED TO THE MAXIMUM DEGREE PRACTICABLE AND SHALL TAKE INTO ACCOUNT SEASONAL WORK LIMITATIONS.~~

~~2. CONSTRUCTION SITE OPERATORS MUST MAINTAIN, AND REPAIR AS NEEDED, ALL SEDIMENT AND EROSION CONTROL BMPs TO ASSURE CONTINUED PERFORMANCE OF THEIR INTENDED FUNCTION.~~

~~3. CONSTRUCTION SITE OPERATORS MUST PERIODICALLY INSPECT THEIR SITES. FOR PROJECTS THAT DISTURB ONE OR MORE ACRES, SITE INSPECTIONS SHALL BE CONDUCTED BY A CERTIFIED EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL LEAD WHO SHALL BE IDENTIFIED IN THE SWPPP AND SHALL BE PRESENT ON SITE OR ON-CALL AT ALL TIMES.~~

~~4. CONSTRUCTION SITE OPERATORS MUST MAINTAIN, UPDATE AND IMPLEMENT THEIR SWPPP. CONSTRUCTION SITE OPERATORS SHALL MODIFY THEIR SWPPP WHENEVER THERE IS A CHANGE IN DESIGN, CONSTRUCTION, OPERATION, OR MAINTENANCE AT THE CONSTRUCTION SITE THAT HAS, OR COULD HAVE, A SIGNIFICANT EFFECT ON THE DISCHARGE OF POLLUTANTS TO WATERS OF THE STATE.]~~

15.01.055 Repealed[EROSIVITY WAIVER].

~~[CONSTRUCTION SITE OPERATORS MAY APPLY FOR A WAIVER FROM THE REQUIREMENT TO SUBMIT A SWPPP FOR REVIEW AND APPROVAL BY THE CITY PROVIDED THE FOLLOWING CONDITIONS ARE MET:~~

~~A. — THE SITE WILL RESULT IN THE DISTURBANCE OF LESS THAN FIVE ACRES; AND THE SITE IS NOT A PORTION OF A COMMON PLAN OF DEVELOPMENT OR SALE THAT WILL DISTURB FIVE ACRES OR GREATER; AND~~

~~B. — THE PROJECT'S RAINFALL EROSIIVITY FACTOR ("R" FACTOR) IS LESS THAN FIVE DURING THE PERIOD OF CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITY, AS CALCULATED USING THE TEXAS A&M UNIVERSITY ONLINE RAINFALL EROSIIVITY CALCULATOR AT: [HTTP://EI.TAMU.EDU/](http://ei.tamu.edu/). THE PERIOD OF CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITY BEGINS AT INITIAL EARTH DISTURBANCE AND ENDS WITH FINAL STABILIZATION; AND~~

~~C. — THE ENTIRE PERIOD OF CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITY FALLS BETWEEN JUNE 15TH AND SEPTEMBER 15TH; AND~~

~~D. — THE SITE OR FACILITY HAS NOT BEEN DECLARED A SIGNIFICANT CONTRIBUTOR OF POLLUTANTS; AND~~

~~E. — THERE ARE NO PLANNED CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES AT THE SITE THAT WILL RESULT IN NON-STORM WATER DISCHARGES; AND~~

~~F. — THE CONSTRUCTION SITE OPERATOR SHALL NOTIFY THE CITY OF MONROE OF THE INTENTION TO APPLY THIS WAIVER AT LEAST ONE WEEK PRIOR TO COMMENCING LAND DISTURBING ACTIVITIES. THE NOTIFICATION MUST INCLUDE A SUMMARY OF THE PROJECT INFORMATION USED IN~~

~~CALCULATING THE PROJECT'S RAINFALL EROSION FACTOR (SEE SUBSECTION (B) OF THIS SECTION) AND A CERTIFIED STATEMENT THAT:~~

- ~~1. THE OPERATOR WILL COMPLY WITH APPLICABLE LOCAL STORM WATER REQUIREMENTS; AND~~
- ~~2. THE OPERATOR WILL IMPLEMENT APPROPRIATE EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL BMPs TO PREVENT VIOLATIONS OF WATER QUALITY STANDARDS.]~~

15.01.065 Repealed[ADJUSTMENTS].

~~[ADJUSTMENTS TO THE MINIMUM REQUIREMENTS MAY BE GRANTED; PROVIDED, THAT A WRITTEN FINDING OF FACT IS PREPARED THAT ADDRESSES THE FOLLOWING:~~

~~A. THE ADJUSTMENT PROVIDES SUBSTANTIALLY EQUIVALENT ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION.~~

~~B. BASED ON SOUND ENGINEERING PRACTICES, THE OBJECTIVES OF SAFETY, FUNCTION, ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AND FACILITY MAINTENANCE ARE MET.]~~

15.01.077 Repealed[BASIN/WATERSHED PLANNING].

~~[BASIN/WATERSHED PLANNING MAY BE USED TO TAILOR MINIMUM REQUIREMENT NO. 6, RUNOFF TREATMENT, MINIMUM REQUIREMENT NO. 7, FLOW CONTROL, AND/OR MINIMUM REQUIREMENT NO. 8, WETLANDS PROTECTION. BASIN PLANNING MAY BE USED TO SUPPORT ALTERNATIVE TREATMENT, FLOW CONTROL, AND/OR WETLAND PROTECTION REQUIREMENTS TO THOSE CONTAINED IN MMC 15.01.045. BASIN PLANNING MAY ALSO BE USED TO DEMONSTRATE AN EQUIVALENT LEVEL OF TREATMENT, FLOW CONTROL, AND/OR WETLAND PROTECTION THROUGH THE CONSTRUCTION AND USE OF REGIONAL STORM WATER FACILITIES.~~

~~BASIN PLANNING PROVIDES A MECHANISM BY WHICH THE MINIMUM REQUIREMENTS AND IMPLEMENTING BMPs CAN BE EVALUATED AND REFINED BASED ON AN ANALYSIS OF A BASIN OR WATERSHED. BASIN PLANS ARE/MAY BE USED TO DEVELOP CONTROL STRATEGIES TO ADDRESS IMPACTS FROM FUTURE DEVELOPMENT AND TO CORRECT SPECIFIC PROBLEMS WHOSE SOURCES ARE KNOWN OR SUSPECTED. BASIN PLANS CAN BE EFFECTIVE AT ADDRESSING BOTH LONG-TERM CUMULATIVE IMPACTS OF POLLUTANT LOADS AND SHORT-TERM ACUTE IMPACTS OF POLLUTANT CONCENTRATIONS, AS WELL AS HYDROLOGIC IMPACTS TO STREAMS, WETLANDS, AND GROUND WATER RESOURCES.~~

~~BASIN PLANNING WILL REQUIRE THE USE OF COMPUTER MODELS AND FIELD WORK TO VERIFY AND SUPPORT THE MODELS. THE USGS HAS DEVELOPED SOFTWARE CALLED "GENSCN" (GENERATION AND ANALYSIS OF MODEL SIMULATION SCENARIOS) THAT CAN FACILITATE BASIN PLANNING. THE PROGRAM IS A WINDOWS-BASED APPLICATION OF HSPF THAT PREDICTS WATER QUALITY AND QUANTITY CHANGES FOR MULTIPLE SCENARIOS OF LAND USE AND WATER MANAGEMENT WITHIN A BASIN. APPLICANTS WHO ARE CONSIDERING THE USE OF BASIN/WATERSHED PLANS TO MODIFY OR TAILOR~~

~~ONE OR MORE OF THE MINIMUM REQUIREMENTS ARE ENCOURAGED TO CONTACT ECOLOGY EARLY IN THE PLANNING STAGE.~~

~~SOME EXAMPLES OF HOW BASIN PLANNING CAN ALTER THE MINIMUM REQUIREMENTS ARE GIVEN IN APPENDIX 1A FROM THE STORMWATER MANAGEMENT MANUAL FOR WESTERN WASHINGTON (2005).~~

~~IN ORDER FOR A BASIN PLAN TO SERVE AS A MEANS OF MODIFYING THE MINIMUM REQUIREMENTS THE FOLLOWING CONDITIONS MUST BE MET:~~

~~A. THE PLAN MUST BE FORMALLY ADOPTED BY ALL JURISDICTIONS WITH RESPONSIBILITIES UNDER THE PLAN; AND~~

~~B. ALL ORDINANCES OR REGULATIONS CALLED FOR BY THE PLAN MUST BE IN EFFECT; AND~~

~~C. THE BASIN PLAN MUST BE REVIEWED AND APPROVED BY ECOLOGY.~~

15.01.080 Administration.

A. ~~[DIRECTOR]~~**Administrator.** The city of Monroe city engineer shall administer this chapter and shall be referred to as the ~~[DIRECTOR]~~**administrator.** The ~~[DIRECTOR]~~**administrator** shall have the authority to develop and implement administrative procedures to administer and enforce this chapter.

B. Review and Approval. All activities regulated by this chapter shall be reviewed and approved by the ~~[DIRECTOR]~~**administrator or designee in conjunction with the city's review and decisional process for the permit or other approval required in order to authorize the underlying activity, and** prior to beginning any work. ~~[The DIRECTOR may approve, conditionally approve or deny an application for activities regulated by this chapter.]~~

C. Enforcement Authority. The ~~[DIRECTOR]~~**administrator** shall enforce this chapter.

D. Inspection. All activities regulated by this chapter~~[, EXCEPT THOSE EXEMPT IN MMC 15.01.015,]~~ shall be inspected by the ~~[DIRECTOR]~~**administrator or designee.** The ~~[DIRECTOR]~~**administrator** shall inspect projects at various stages of the work requiring approval to determine that adequate control is being exercised. Stages of work requiring inspection include, but are not limited to, preconstruction, installation of BMPs, land disturbing activities, installation of utilities, landscaping, retaining walls and completion of project. When required by the ~~[DIRECTOR]~~**administrator or designee,** a special inspection and/or testing shall be performed.

E. Fees. Fees for plan review and inspection of activities regulated in this chapter shall be as set by periodic resolution of the city council.

F. Appeals. Any appeal of the administrator's review and determinations pursuant to this section shall be appealable as part of the city's underlying permit or approval decision in the manner applicable to that decision.

15.01.090 Enforcement.

A. Compliance with the requirements of this code shall be mandatory. The general penalties and remedies established in Chapter 1.04 MMC for such violations shall apply to any violation of this chapter.

B. Stop Work Order. The ~~[DIRECTOR]~~**administrator or designee** shall have the authority to serve a person a stop work order if an action is being undertaken in violation of this chapter. If a portion of a project is in violation of this chapter, the ~~[DIRECTOR]~~**administrator or designee** may issue a stop work order for the entire project.

1. Content of Order. The order shall contain:

- a. A description of the specific nature, extent, and time of violation and the damage or potential damage; and
- b. A notice that the violation or the potential violation cease and desist and, in appropriate cases, the specific corrective action to be taken within a given time.

2. Notice. A stop work order shall be imposed by a notice in writing, either by certified mail with return receipt requested or by personal service, to the person incurring the same, or by posting at the project site.

3. Effective Date. The stop work order issued under this subsection shall become effective immediately upon receipt by the person to whom the order is directed or upon posting the project site.

4. Compliance. Failure to comply with the terms of a stop work order shall result in enforcement actions including, but not limited to, the issuance of a civil penalty **and/or criminal misdemeanor prosecution.**

C. Notice and Order of Code Violation and Civil Penalty. When the ~~[DIRECTOR]~~**administrator** determines that a violation has occurred or is occurring, the ~~[DIRECTOR]~~**administrator**, or designee, may issue a notice and order of code violation to the person responsible for the violation in conformance with the enforcement procedures of Chapter 1.04 MMC. The notice and order may be combined with the stop work order identified in subsection (B) of this section.

15.01.100 Repealed[EXCEPTIONS].

~~[A. AFTER A PUBLIC HEARING, THE HEARING EXAMINER MAY GRANT EXCEPTIONS/VARIANCES (EXCEPTIONS) TO THE MINIMUM REQUIREMENTS. IN GRANTING ANY EXCEPTIONS/VARIANCES, THE HEARING EXAMINER MAY PRESCRIBE CONDITIONS THAT ARE DEEMED NECESSARY OR DESIRABLE FOR THE PUBLIC INTEREST.]~~

~~PROJECT SPECIFIC DESIGN EXCEPTIONS BASED ON SITE SPECIFIC CONDITIONS DO NOT REQUIRE PRIOR APPROVAL OF THE DEPARTMENT OF ECOLOGY.~~

~~THE HEARING EXAMINER MAY GRANT AN EXCEPTION TO THE MINIMUM REQUIREMENTS IF SUCH APPLICATION IMPOSES A SEVERE AND UNEXPECTED ECONOMIC HARDSHIP. TO DETERMINE WHETHER THE APPLICATION IMPOSES A SEVERE AND UNEXPECTED ECONOMIC HARDSHIP ON THE PROJECT APPLICANT, THE HEARING EXAMINER MUST CONSIDER AND DOCUMENT WITH WRITTEN FINDINGS OF FACT THE FOLLOWING:~~

- ~~1. THE CURRENT (PREPROJECT) USE OF THE SITE; AND~~
- ~~2. HOW THE APPLICATION OF THE MINIMUM REQUIREMENT(S) RESTRICTS THE PROPOSED USE OF THE SITE COMPARED TO THE RESTRICTIONS THAT EXISTED PRIOR TO THE ADOPTION OF THE MINIMUM REQUIREMENTS; AND~~
- ~~3. THE POSSIBLE REMAINING USES OF THE SITE IF THE EXCEPTION WERE NOT GRANTED; AND~~
- ~~4. THE USES OF THE SITE THAT WOULD HAVE BEEN ALLOWED PRIOR TO THE ADOPTION OF THE MINIMUM REQUIREMENTS; AND~~
- ~~5. A COMPARISON OF THE ESTIMATED AMOUNT AND PERCENTAGE OF VALUE LOSS AS A RESULT OF THE MINIMUM REQUIREMENTS VERSUS THE ESTIMATED AMOUNT AND PERCENTAGE OF VALUE LOSS AS A RESULT OF REQUIREMENTS THAT EXISTED PRIOR TO ADOPTION OF THE MINIMUM REQUIREMENTS; AND~~
- ~~6. THE FEASIBILITY FOR THE OWNER TO ALTER THE PROJECT TO APPLY THE MINIMUM REQUIREMENTS.~~

~~IN ADDITION ANY EXCEPTION MUST MEET THE FOLLOWING CRITERIA:~~

- ~~1. THE EXCEPTION WILL NOT INCREASE RISK TO THE PUBLIC HEALTH AND WELFARE, NOR INJURIOUS TO OTHER PROPERTIES IN THE VICINITY AND/OR DOWNSTREAM, AND TO THE QUALITY OF WATERS OF THE STATE; AND~~
- ~~2. THE EXCEPTION IS THE LEAST POSSIBLE EXCEPTION THAT COULD BE GRANTED TO COMPLY WITH THE INTENT OF THE MINIMUM REQUIREMENTS.~~

~~B. PRIOR APPROVAL. ANY EXCEPTION SHALL BE APPROVED PRIOR TO APPROVAL AND CONSTRUCTION.~~

~~C. DURATION OF EXCEPTION. EXCEPTIONS GRANTED SHALL BE VALID FOR TWO YEARS, UNLESS GRANTED FOR A SHORTER PERIOD.~~

~~D. RIGHT OF APPEAL. ALL ACTIONS OF THE HEARING EXAMINER SHALL BE FINAL AND CONCLUSIVE, UNLESS THE ORIGINAL APPLICANT OR AN ADVERSE PARTY APPEALS THE HEARING EXAMINER'S DECISION TO THE CITY COUNCIL PER CHAPTER 21.60 MMC.]~~

15.01.110 Severability.

If any provision of this chapter or its application to any person, entity, or circumstance is held invalid, the remainder of this chapter or the application of the provision to other persons, entities, or circumstances shall not be affected.

Section 3. Amendment of MMC Section 17.04.020. MMC section 17.04.020, Subdivisions – General Provisions – Purpose, is hereby amended as follows.

17.04.020 Purpose.

The purpose of the code is to provide for the orderly subdivision of land within the city in the public interest, to assure that:

A. Public facilities, such as streets, alleys, parks, playgrounds, etc., can be provided in an amount and size commensurate with the size of the subdivision and the land uses proposed;

B. Site planning and stormwater management are integrated at the initial design phases of a project to maintain a more hydrologically functional landscape even in denser settings.

[B]C. Lot sizes, land uses, streets and street extensions will be in conformance with the provisions of the zoning code and official plans;

[C]D. Officials are given a precise and simple procedure for the conveyance of titles on small tracts and parcels of land.

Section 4. Amendment of MMC Section 17.20.040. MMC section 17.20.040, Subdivisions – Proposed Plats – Utility Requirements, is hereby amended as follows:

17.20.040 Utility requirements.

A preliminary plat submittal shall contain the following:

A. **A stormwater site assessment in substantial conformance with the Puget Sound Partnership Low Impact Development Technical Guidance Manual for Puget Sound dated December 2012;**

B. **A plan showing the location, grade, and sizes of sewer lines, manholes, and other sewerage structures;**

C. **A plan showing the location and size of water mains, hydrants, reservoirs, pump stations, and other elements of the proposed water system;**

D. **A plan showing the location and size of storm water management facilities;**

E. **A plan showing the location and grade of roads, pedestrian facilities, parking areas, and ADA provisions;**

F. **Other information as may be required by the City Engineer.**

~~[STREET AND SEWER PROFILES MAY BE REQUIRED IN SUCH DETAIL AND SCALE AS DETERMINED BY THE CITY ENGINEER. THE CITY ENGINEER MAY ALSO REQUIRE ADDITIONAL DETAILED UTILITY PLANS IF SPECIAL PROBLEMS ARE ENCOUNTERED, DUE TO TOPOGRAPHY, EXCESSIVE GRADES, OR UNUSUAL SOIL CONDITIONS INCLUDING THE FOLLOWING:~~

- A. ~~— A PLAN SHOWING LOCATION AND SIZES OF SEWER LINES, CATCH BASINS, PUMPS OR OTHER DRAINAGE OR SEWERAGE STRUCTURES;~~
- B. ~~— A PLAN SHOWING LOCATION AND SIZES OF WATER MAINS, RESERVOIRS, AND OTHER ELEMENTS OF A PROPOSED WATER DISTRIBUTION SYSTEM;~~
- C. ~~— GRADES OF PROPOSED STREETS AND METHODS OF STORM DRAINAGE.]~~

Section 5. Amendment of MMC Subsection 18.10.010(B). Monroe Municipal Code Subsection 18.10.010(B), Planning and Zoning – Land Use Zoning District and District Requirements - Purpose and density of single-family zoning districts – Subsection B, is hereby amended as follows:

B. Standard Density Calculation. To calculate the number of possible dwelling units/lots for single-family zoning districts, remove twenty percent from the gross site area, in square feet, for roads, gutters, curbs, sidewalks, and retention areas and then **multiply the net site area, in acres, by the units allowed per acre from the table below;**~~[DIVIDE THE NET SITE AREA IN SQUARE FEET BY THE MINIMUM LOT SIZE TO DETERMINE THE BASE DENSITY. IN THE R-4 ZONE, REMOVE TWENTY PERCENT FROM THE GROSS SITE AREA IN ACRES FOR ROADS, GUTTERS, CURBS, SIDEWALKS, AND RETENTION AREAS AND THEN MULTIPLY THE NET SITE AREA, IN ACRES, BY FOUR].~~

<u>Zoning District</u>	<u>Units allowed per acre</u>
MR 6,000	7.26
UR 6,000	5.80
R-4	4.00
UR 9,600	3.63
SR 15,000	2.32

1. When calculating the maximum residential density, any resulting fraction 0.50 or over shall be rounded up to the next whole number and any fraction 0.49 or under shall be rounded down to the preceding whole number. For example, in the UR 6,000 zone, a one-acre site could yield six units (43,560 square feet x 0.80 = 34,848 square feet / 6,000 square feet = 5.8 units or six total units).
2. Nothing contained within this chapter guarantees the maximum defined density. The identified maximum residential density may not always be achievable due to unique site considerations including but not limited to critical areas, topography, right-of-way dedication, stormwater requirements, etc.

Section 6. Amendment of Subsection 18.10.020(B). Monroe Municipal Code Subsection 18.10.010(B), Planning and Zoning – Land Use Zoning District and District Requirements - Purpose of the multifamily zoning district – Subsection B, is hereby amended as follows:

C. Standard Density Calculation. To calculate the number of possible dwelling units/lots, for multifamily ~~[AND]~~ zoning districts, ~~[DIVIDE]~~**multiply** the gross site area, **in**

acres, by the units allowed per acre from the table in Section 18.10.10(B) by the minimum unit/lot size, in square feet, to determine the base density. In cases when multifamily parcels are subdivided into individual parcels, pursuant to MMC Title 17, the standards of MMC 18.10.010(B) apply. In areas that do not have a minimum lot size, multiply the net site area, in acres, by the maximum allowed number of units/lots per acre.

1. When calculating the maximum residential density, any resulting fraction 0.50 or over shall be rounded up to the next whole number and any fraction 0.49 or under shall be rounded down to the preceding whole number. For example, in the MR 6,000 zone, a one-acre site could yield eleven units (43,560 square feet / 4,000 square feet = 10.89 units or eleven total units).

2. Nothing contained within this chapter guarantees the maximum defined density. The identified maximum residential density may not always be achievable due to unique site considerations including but not limited to critical areas, topography, right-of-way dedication, stormwater requirements, etc.

Section 7. Repealer of MMC Section 18.10.090. Monroe Municipal Code Section 18.10.090, Planning and Zoning -- Land Use Zoning District and District Requirements -- Single Family Lot Area Requirements, is hereby repealed in full:

18.10.090 Repealed[SINGLE-FAMILY LOT AREA REQUIREMENTS].

~~[MINIMUM LOT AREAS WITHIN THE CITY RESIDENTIAL ZONING DISTRICTS ARE REFLECTED IN THE ZONING DISTRICT TITLE DESCRIPTION. MINIMUM LOT SIZE WITHIN THE SUBURBAN RESIDENTIAL (SR 15,000) ZONING DISTRICT IS FIFTEEN THOUSAND SQUARE FEET, WITHIN THE URBAN RESIDENTIAL (UR 9,600) ZONING DISTRICT IS NINE THOUSAND SIX HUNDRED SQUARE FEET, WITHIN THE RESIDENTIAL 4 UNITS (R-4) ZONING DISTRICT IS SEVEN THOUSAND FIVE HUNDRED SQUARE FEET, AND WITHIN THE URBAN RESIDENTIAL (UR 6,000) ZONING DISTRICT IS SIX THOUSAND SQUARE FEET.]~~

Section 8. Repealer of MMC Section 18.10.100. Monroe Municipal Code Section 18.10.100, Planning and Zoning -- Land Use Zoning District and District Requirements -- Duplex lot area requirements, is hereby repealed in full:

18.10.100 Repealed[DUPLEX LOT AREA REQUIREMENTS].

~~[DUPLEXES ARE PERMITTED IN THE SR 15,000, UR 9,600, R-4, AND UR 6,000 SINGLE-FAMILY ZONING DISTRICTS ON LOTS THAT ARE AT LEAST ONE AND ONE HALF TIMES THE MINIMUM SINGLE FAMILY LOT AREA. DUPLEXES ARE PERMITTED IN THE MR 6,000 AND PO ZONING DISTRICTS ON LOTS THAT ARE A MINIMUM OF EIGHT THOUSAND SQUARE FEET.]~~

Section 9. Repealer of MMC Section 18.10.110. Monroe Municipal Code Section 18.10.110, Planning and Zoning -- Land Use Zoning District and District Requirements -- Multifamily lot area requirements, is hereby repealed in full:

18.10.110 Repealed~~[MULTIFAMILY LOT AREA REQUIREMENTS].~~

~~[MINIMUM LOT AREA REQUIREMENTS WITHIN THE MULTIFAMILY (MR 6,000) ZONING DISTRICT ARE FOUR THOUSAND SQUARE FEET PER MULTIFAMILY UNIT OR SINGLE FAMILY DWELLING UNIT. DUPLEXES LOCATED WITHIN THE MR 6,000 ZONING DISTRICT ARE PERMITTED. MINIMUM LOT AREA FOR DUPLEXES LOCATED WITHIN THE MR 6,000 ZONING DISTRICT SHALL BE EIGHT THOUSAND SQUARE FEET PER DUPLEX.]~~

Section 10. Repealer of MMC Section 18.10.115. Monroe Municipal Code Section 18.10.115, Planning and Zoning -- Land Use Zoning District and District Requirements – Professional office lot area requirements, is hereby repealed in full:

18.10.115 Repealed~~[PROFESSIONAL OFFICE LOT AREA REQUIREMENTS].~~

~~[MINIMUM LOT AREA REQUIREMENTS WITHIN THE PROFESSIONAL OFFICE (PO) ZONING DISTRICT ARE SIX THOUSAND SQUARE FEET PER SINGLE FAMILY DWELLING UNIT, EIGHT THOUSAND SQUARE FEET PER DUPLEX, AND FOUR THOUSAND SQUARE FEET PER MULTIFAMILY UNIT.]~~

Section 11. Amendment of MMC Section 18.10.140. Monroe Municipal Code Section 18.10.140, Planning and Zoning -- Land Use Zoning District and District Requirements – Bulk requirements, Table A – Residential Zoning District Bulk Development Requirements, is hereby amended as follows:

18.10.140 Bulk requirements.

**Table A
– Residential Zoning District Bulk Development Requirements**

	Residential ^{1,2}											
	Single-Family											
	Multifamily		Urban Residential						Suburban Residential		Rural Residential	
	Mid-density Multifamily Small Lot Single-Family											
	MR 6,000/PO ³		UR 6,000		R-4		UR 9,600		SR 15,000		LOS ⁷	LOSA ⁷
	Standard	PRD	Standard	PRD	Standard	PRD	Standard	PRD	Standard	PRD	Standard	Standard
Units per Acre MINIMUM LOT SIZE, IN SQ. FT. ^{4,5,6}	<u>7.26</u> [4,000]	[2,500]	<u>5.80</u> [6,000]	[3,700]	<u>4.00</u> [7,500]	[4,500]	<u>3.63</u> [9,600]	[6,000]	<u>2.32</u> [15,000]	[10,000]	1 unit per 5 acres	1 unit per 2 acres
Minimum Lot Width ^{8,9,10}	[45] <u>30</u>	[40] <u>30</u>	[60] <u>30</u>	[40] <u>30</u>	[65] <u>30</u>	[40] <u>30</u>	[70] <u>30</u>	[45] <u>30</u>	[70] <u>30</u>	[45] <u>30</u>	70	70
Maximum Lot Coverage	<u>80</u> [75]%	<u>80</u> [75]%	<u>60</u> [50]%	60%	<u>60</u> [50]%	60%	<u>60</u> [50]%	60%	<u>50</u> [40]%	<u>60</u> [50]%	30%	100%
Maximum Building Height	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35
Front Yard Setback ¹¹	10	10	10/20	10/20	10/20	10/20	10/20	10/20	20	15	50' from arterials, 25' other streets	20
Side Yard Setback ¹²	5 [W/ TOTAL 10]	5 [W/ TOTAL 10]	5 [W/ TOTAL 15]	5 [W/ TOTAL 10]	5 [W/ TOTAL 15]	5 [W/ TOTAL 10]	5 [W/ TOTAL 15]	5 [W/ TOTAL 10]	10	5 [W/ TOTAL 15]	25	20
Rear Yard Setback ¹³	20	20	<u>10</u> [15]	10	<u>10</u> [15]	10	<u>10</u> [15]	10	<u>15</u> [20]	<u>10</u> [15]	25	20
Landscape Buffer ^{14,15}	5	10		10		10		10		10		5

Section 12. Amendment of MMC Section 18.10.260. Monroe Municipal Code Section 18.10.260, Planning and Zoning -- Land Use Zoning District and District Requirements – Street surface, is hereby amended as follows:

18.10.260 Street surface.

A. Low impact development best management practices shall be used for a[A]ll access drive[S], access easement[S], parking space[S], and garage apron[S] design and construction, unless site and soil conditions make low impact development infeasible as determined by the Stormwater Management Administrator pursuant to Chapter 15.01 MMC and shall meet the requirements for access and circulation as per MMC Title 17 and the public works standards. Low impact development best management practices shall be designed and constructed in accordance with the Puget Sound Partnership Low Impact Development Technical Guidance Manual for Puget Sound (December 2012) and approved by the Storm Water Management Administrator.

~~[B. POROUS PAVING, SUCH AS PERVIOUS ASPHALT OR CONCRETE, AND OTHER LOW IMPACT MATERIALS OR TECHNIQUES INCLUDING TIRE TREADS MAY BE CONSIDERED FOR USE WHEN THE PROPOSED APPLICATION COMPLIES WITH STANDARDS OF THE DEPARTMENT OF ECOLOGY STORMWATER MANAGEMENT MANUAL FOR WESTERN WASHINGTON (CURRENT EDITION) AND IS APPROVED BY THE DIRECTOR AND CITY ENGINEER.]~~

Section 13. Amendment of MMC Section 18.12.170. Monroe Municipal Code section 18.12.170, Planning and Zoning -- Downtown Commercial Zone - Downtown neighborhood land use matrix, is hereby amended to add the following conforming use:

18.12.170 Downtown neighborhood land use matrix.

Downtown Neighborhood Zoning Matrix	Downtown Commercial Zone			
	Downtown Neighborhood	Rails and Roads Neighborhood	Historic Main Area	Borlin Park Neighborhood
Conforming Use				
<u>Motor vehicle sales facility – Motorsports Only</u>		P		

P = Permitted use; A = Accessory use; C = Requires a conditional use permit; and EPF = Essential public facility (see Chapter 18.15 MMC)

Section 14. Amendment of MMC Section 18.82.010. Monroe Municipal Code Section 18.82.010, Planning and Zoning - Site Plan Review – Purpose, is hereby amended as follows:

18.82.010 Purpose.

The purpose of this title is to ensure that all uses of land and developments are consistent with the adopted plans, policies and ordinances of the city and that site planning and stormwater management are integrated at the initial design phases of a project to maintain a more hydrologically functional landscape. As such, the following chapter is designed, primarily, to assure the regulation of the layout of buildings and open space, including parking areas, ~~[-AND]~~ the provisions for access to and from the public street system, and stormwater management.

Section 15. Amendment of MMC Section 18.82.030. Monroe Municipal Code Section 18.82.030, Planning and Zoning - Site Plan Review – Contents of Application, is hereby amended as follows:

18.82.030 Contents of application.

All applications submitted in compliance with this title shall include the information set forth in Chapter 21.30 MMC and the following section. No application shall be deemed complete, nor accepted by the city, until all information set forth below has been submitted.

Applications shall show such information as the proposed location of the buildings, parking areas, and other installations on the plot, and their relation to existing conditions, such as roads, neighboring land uses, natural features, public facilities, ingress and egress roads, interior roads, and similar features. Specifically, the following information shall be included, in a clear and intelligible form, in all applications for site plan review:

- A. The title and location of the proposed development, together with the names, addresses and telephone numbers of the record owner or owners of the land and wives, and of the applicant, and, if applicable, the names, addresses and telephone numbers of any architect, planner, designer or engineer responsible for the preparation of the plan, and of any authorized representative of the applicant;
- B. The proposed use or uses of the land and buildings;
- C. A site plan drawing or drawings at a scale of not less than one inch for each fifty feet which shall include or show:
 - 1. The location of all existing and proposed structures, including, but not limited to, buildings, fences, culverts, bridges, roads and streets on the subject property,
 - 2. The boundaries of the property proposed to be developed,
 - 3. All proposed and existing buildings and setback lines,
 - 4. All areas, if any, to be preserved as buffers or to be dedicated to a public, private, or community use or for open space under the provisions of this or any other city

ordinance, information regarding percentage of area covered, locations, and general types of landscaping,

5. All existing and proposed easements,
 6. The locations and size of all existing and proposed utility structures and lines,
 7. The storm water drainage systems for existing and proposed structures, including the location and extent of curbs and gutters,
 8. All means of vehicular and pedestrian ingress and egress to and from the site and the size and location of driveways, streets and roads,
 9. The location and design of off-street parking areas showing their size and locations of internal circulation and parking spaces,
 10. Traffic volumes and flows estimated to be generated by the proposed development on adjacent roads,
 11. Location and extent of street dedication, widening or other road improvements,
 12. Location and extent of acceleration and deceleration lanes, if needed,
 13. Location of traffic-control devices on and off the site,
 14. The location of all loading spaces, including, but not limited to, loading platforms and loading docks where trucks will load or unload,
 15. Location and area, in square feet, of all signs;
- D. Topographic map or maps which delineate contours, both existing and proposed at intervals of two feet and which locate existing lakes, streams and forested areas;
- E. The existing zoning district of the proposed development site and any other zoning district within three hundred feet of the site;
- F. The proposed number of square feet in paved or covered surfaces, whether covered by buildings, driveways, parking lots or any other structure covering land and the total amount of square feet in the entire proposed development site;
- G. The proposed number of dwelling units and number of bedrooms in the development;
- H. The proposed number of square feet in gross floor area for each commercial and industrial use;
- I. A description of each commercial and industrial use;

J. The written approvals of the Snohomish Health District, if required;

K. A stormwater site assessment in substantial conformance to the Puget Sound Partnership Low Impact Development Technical Guidance Manual for Puget Sound (December 2012);

[K]L. The zoning code administrator shall specify the submittal requirements, including type, detail, and number of copies for a site plan application, and determine if the application is complete. The city may require additional information not specified in the submittal requirements when such information is necessary to assure compliance with this code.

Section 16. Amendment of MMC Section 18.84.060. Monroe Municipal Code Section 18.84.060, Planning and Zoning - Planned Residential Development (PRD) – Submittal requirements for a PRD, is hereby amended as follows:

18.84.060 Submittal requirements for a PRD.

The application must be filed on forms furnished by the city. An application for a preliminary PRD and development plan shall contain the following (verify the number of copies/sets of each of the following items for submittal with the permit department prior to submittal):

- A. Completed and signed application form;
- B. Site plans, which must be drawn and signed by a licensed surveyor in accordance with the Survey Recording Act and must include (if applicable) both existing boundary lines (bearing and distance) and proposed boundary line changes, all easements and other encumbrances occurring within the affected lots, drain field, building footprints, building setbacks, and all other pertinent setbacks. The preliminary development plan shall include:
 - 1. Conceptual utility plan showing proposed location of water, sewer and other utilities;
 - 2. Conceptual site plan showing location of all proposed lot boundaries, common area tracts, open space tracts, public and private streets, park/recreation facilities, and including topographic contour lines at maximum five-foot intervals;
 - 3. Natural features plan showing the location of all environmentally sensitive areas and their buffers;
- C. SEPA (environmental) checklist;
- D. Current title report (current is dated within thirty days of submittal);
- E. *Repealed by Ord. 033/2008;*

- F. Vicinity map eight and one-half inches by eleven inches or eleven inches by seventeen inches;
- G. Set of plans reduced to eight-and-one-half-inch by eleven-inch or eleven-inch by seventeen-inch sized paper;
- H. Soils report;
- I. ~~[STORM DRAINAGE REPORT INCLUDING CALCULATIONS]~~ **A stormwater site assessment in substantial conformance to the Puget Sound Partnership Low Impact Development Technical Guidance Manual for Puget Sound (December 2012);**
- J. Wetland delineation/mitigation plan (if applicable);
- K. Preliminary landscape and irrigation plans;
- L. Traffic analysis, as directed by the city engineer;
- M. Other requested information specific to the application as required by the community development department.
- N. Required filing fees shall be paid and the application shall be completed before processing of the application may begin. Filing fees are established by the city council through the most recent fee resolution.
- O. Upon submittal of a complete application, the city may require a consultant for professional services in accordance with MMC 3.34.040. The consultant shall review the PRD design and prepare a written report to the director, or his designee, summarizing the proposal's compliance and/or noncompliance with all applicable standards.

Section 17. Amendment of MMC Section 18.84.080(A). Monroe Municipal Code Section 18.84.080(A), Planning and Zoning - Planned Residential Development (PRD) – General requirements for a PRD – Subsection A – Table 1, is hereby amended as follows:

- A. Each PRD shall provide a minimum dedication of park and recreational usable open space within the PRD as shown in Table 1.

Table 1

Zoning District	[MINIMUM LOT SIZE	[MINIMUM LOT SIZE WITHIN A PRD	Dedication of Park and Recreational Usable Open Space per Base Dwelling Unit Within a PRD
SR 15,000	15,000	10,000	1,125
UR 9,600	9,600	6,000	975
R-4	7,500	4,500	900
UR 6,000	6,000	3,700	675
MR 6,000	4,000]	2,500]	600

Section 18. Amendment of MMC Subsection 18.84.080(K). Monroe Municipal Code Subsection 18.84.080(K), Planning and Zoning - Planned Residential Development (PRD) – General requirements for a PRD – Subsection K – Table 1, is hereby amended as follows:

K. Density Determination for a PRD. The intent of the PRD is to provide an exchange of density for the proper integration, placement, and dedication of open space, parks, and trails within the city of Monroe. The city of Monroe provides an increase in the density of a development for the amenities described within these standards.

1. The maximum density of a PRD is based on the underlying density calculation found in MMC 18.10.010(B) for single-family units/lots and MMC 18.10.020(B) for multifamily units/lots.

2. A thirty percent density bonus will be granted in the SR 15,000, UR 9,600 and R-4 residential zoning districts and a twenty-five percent density bonus will be granted in the UR 6,000 and MR 6,000 zoning districts when the developer provides the following:

- a. The inclusion of housing site standards as described in subsection (G) of this section.
- b. The inclusion of street design standards as described in subsection (H) of this section.
- c. The inclusion of park, recreation, open space and landscaping as described in subsection (I) of this section.
- d. The inclusion of landscape design standards as described in subsection (J) of this section.

3. For example, in the UR 9,600 zone, a one-acre site could yield five units (~~43,560 SQUARE FEET~~ **1 acre** x 0.80 = **0.80 acres x 3.63 units per acre** ~~34,848 SQUARE FEET / 9,600 SQUARE FEET~~) = 3.63 units. 3.63 units x 0.30 = 1.09 bonus units. 3.63 units + 1.09 bonus units = 4.72 units or five total units).

4. The final density is a maximum density. The density will be subject to all the requirements set forth in the PRD standards.

Section 19. Repealer of MMC Subsection 18.84.080(L). Monroe Municipal Code Section 18.84.080(L), Planning and Zoning - Planned Residential Development (PRD) – General requirements for a PRD – Subsection L, is hereby repealed in full:

L. ~~**Repealed.** [THERE SHALL BE A MINIMUM LOT SIZE WITHIN EACH RESIDENTIAL ZONING DISTRICT AS SHOWN IN TABLE 1. ACTUAL SIZE OF THE LOTS MAY VARY FROM THE MINIMUM LOT SIZE OF THE SPECIFIC RESIDENTIAL ZONING DISTRICT TO LARGE SINGLE FAMILY TRACTS. DUPLEXES MAY BE PLACED ON LOTS OF AT LEAST ONE AND ONE HALF THE MINIMUM LOT SIZE OF A SINGLE FAMILY DWELLING UNIT AND SHALL NOT MAKE UP MORE THAN FIFTEEN PERCENT OF THE TOTAL NUMBER OF UNITS ALLOWED BY THE DENSITY CALCULATION.]~~

Section 20. Amendment of MMC Subsection 18.84.120(C). Monroe Municipal Code Subsection 18.84.120(C), Planning and Zoning - Planned Residential Development (PRD) – Decision criteria for preliminary development plan approval – Subsection C, is hereby amended as follows:

C. The PRD will be served by adequate public facilities including streets, fire protection, water, storm water [~~DRAINAGE~~]**management**, and sanitary sewer for acceptable waste controls, as demonstrated by the submittal and review of plans for such facilities as described under MMC 18.84.060; and

Section 21. Amendment of MMC Subsection 18.84.160(A). Monroe Municipal Code Subsection 18.84.160(A), Planning and Zoning - Planned Residential Development (PRD) – Establishing the total number of permitted units – Subsection A, is hereby amended as follows:

A. The result of the division of the developable acreage by the **maximum dwelling units per acre** ~~[MINIMUM PARCEL SIZE]~~ permitted under the zoning district for planned residential developments; ~~EXCEPT IN THE R-4 ZONING DISTRICT THE DENSITY SHALL BE CALCULATED AT FOUR DWELLING UNITS PER DEVELOPABLE ACRE, UNLESS SPECIFIED OTHERWISE IN THIS CHAPTER;~~

Section 22. Amendment of MMC Section 18.86.040. Monroe Municipal Code Section 18.86.040, Planning and Zoning – Off-Street Parking Regulations – General requirements, is hereby amended as follows:

18.86.040 General requirements.

Low impact development best management practices shall be used for parking lot design and construction, unless site and soil conditions make low impact development infeasible as determined by the Stormwater Management Administrator. Low impact development best management practices shall be designed and constructed in accordance with the Puget Sound Partnership Low Impact Development Technical Guidance Manual for Puget Sound (December 2012) and approved by the Storm Water Management Administrator.

Additionally, a[A]ny required off-street parking and loading facilities shall be developed in accordance with the following standards:

A. Any on-premises parking area which contains parking spaces located more than three hundred feet from the perimeter of the site shall require the hearing body approval for the entire parking lot.

B. All required parking must be under the same ownership as the development site served, except through special covenant agreements as approved by the city attorney, which bind the parking to the development site.

C. In any residential district, public or private parking areas and parking spaces are not permitted in any required yard except as provided herein:

1. Vacation trailers, boat trailers, camperettes and other vehicles not in daily use are restricted to parking in front yard setback for not more than forty-eight hours, and mobile homes, vacation trailers, boat trailers, camperettes and all other vehicles not in daily use are permitted to be located in the required rear yards. Variances from this requirement, if no feasible alternative exists, may be granted by the hearing body.

2. Public or private parking areas, parking spaces of any building intended for parking which is developed or maintained in conjunction with any building or use permitted in any rear or side yard that abuts an alley, provided the parking areas, structures or spaces comply with the parking dimensions available from the city engineer.

D. Parking will be to the rear or side for all apartments and condominiums unless otherwise specified in the municipal code or in the City of Monroe Infill, Multifamily, and Mixed Use Design Standards.

E. Parking Area and Parking Area Entrance and Exit Slopes. The slope of off-street parking spaces shall not exceed eight percent. The slope of entrance and exit driveways providing access for off-street parking areas and internal driveway aisles without parking spaces shall not exceed fifteen percent.

F. Driveways and Maneuverability.

1. Adequate ingress to and egress from each parking space shall be provided without moving another vehicle and without backing more than fifty feet.

2. Turning and maneuvering space shall be located entirely on private property unless specifically approved by the city engineer.

3. All parking spaces shall be internally accessible to one another without re-entering adjoining public streets except where no other alternative exists.

4. When off-street parking is provided in the rear of a building and a driveway or lane alongside the building provides access to rear parking area, such driveway shall require a minimum width of twelve feet and a sidewalk of at least a three-foot section, adjoining the building, curbed or raised six inches above the driveway surface.

5. Ingress and egress to any off-street parking lot should not be located closer than twenty feet from point of tangent to an intersection unless allowed by the city engineer.

6. The city engineer may require ingress separate from an egress for smoother and safer flow of traffic.

G. Surface.

~~[1. THE SURFACE OF ANY REQUIRED OFF-STREET PARKING OR LOADING FACILITY SHALL BE PAVED WITH ASPHALT OR CONCRETE (LOOSE SURFACES INCLUDING GRAVEL, CRUSHED ROCK, OR SIMILAR AGGREGATE MATERIALS ARE PROHIBITED) UNLESS OTHERWISE APPROVED BY THE HEARING BODY AND SHALL BE GRADED AND DRAINED SO AS TO DRAIN ALL SURFACE WATER, IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE CITY'S DRAINAGE ORDINANCES. POROUS PAVING, SUCH AS PERVIOUS ASPHALT OR CONCRETE, MAY BE CONSIDERED FOR USE WHEN THE PROPOSED APPLICATION COMPLIES WITH STANDARDS OF THE DEPARTMENT OF ECOLOGY STORMWATER MANAGEMENT MANUAL FOR WESTERN WASHINGTON (CURRENT EDITION) AND IS APPROVED BY THE DIRECTOR AND CITY ENGINEER.]~~

[2]1. All traffic-control devices such as parking stripes designating parking spaces, directional arrows or signs, bull rails, curbs and other developments shall be installed and completed as shown on the approved plans.

[3]2. Paved parking areas shall use paint or similar devices to delineate parking spaces and direction of traffic.

[4]3. Where pedestrian walks are used in parking lots for the use of foot traffic only, they shall be curbed or raised six inches above the lot surface where possible.

[5]4. Wheel stops shall be required on the periphery of parking lots so cars will not protrude into the right-of-way, or off the parking lot or strike buildings. Wheel stops shall be two feet from the end of the parking of head-in parking.

H. Parallel parking spaces shall be designed so that doors of vehicles do not open onto the right-of-way.

I. Obstructions. No obstruction, which would restrict car door opening, shall be permitted within five feet of the centerline of a parking space.

J. Lighting. Any required lighting shall be installed as required in Chapter 15.15 MMC.

K. Curb Cuts. All parking areas shall have specific entrance and/or exit areas to the adjacent rights-of-way. The width of access roads and curb cuts shall be determined by the city engineer. The edge of the curb cut or access road shall be finished as required by the city engineer for safe movement of vehicles or pedestrians. Curb cuts in single-family districts shall be limited to a maximum of twenty feet in width and the location shall be approved by the city engineer.

L. No commercial trucks over eight thousand pounds gross vehicle weight, machinery, bulldozers or similar construction equipment shall be allowed to be stored or parked in any residential zones without a permit as required by other city ordinances.

M. Parking spaces shall not be used for permanent or semipermanent parking or storage of trucks or materials.

Section 23. Amendment of MMC Section 18.86.050. Monroe Municipal Code Section 18.86.050, Planning and Zoning – Off-Street Parking Regulations – Required number of parking spaces, is hereby amended as follows:

18.86.050 Required number of parking spaces.

The minimum number of off-street parking spaces shall be as follows for the listed uses:

Required Off-Street Parking

Type of Use	Required Parking Spaces
Single-family and multifamily dwellings	2 for each unit
Mixed use multiple-dwelling units ¹ 1. Studio/1 bedroom 2. 2 or more bedrooms	1. 1.5 per dwelling unit 2. 2.0 per dwelling unit
Churches, mortuaries and funeral homes	1 for each 4 fixed seats
Convalescent homes, nursing and rest homes	1 for every 4 beds with a minimum of 10 stalls
Fast-food restaurants	1 for each 100 [50] square feet of gross floor area
Food stores and retail establishments	1 for each 200 square feet of gross floor area

Hospitals	2 for each employee and 1 for each bed
Motels, hotels, rooming houses, boardinghouses	1 for each room plus additional parking in accordance with the schedule for restaurants and/or conference facilities
Bowling alleys	5 spaces per alley plus additional parking in accordance with the schedule for restaurants if appropriate
Mortuaries	1 for each 4 seats
Banks, office uses and professional buildings	1 for each 400 square feet
Dental and medical clinics	1 for each 200 square feet of floor area plus one space per employee
Outdoor sports areas or parks	Shall be determined by the hearing body when granting a special use permit
Places of public assembly, auditoriums, stadiums, clubs, exhibition halls, community centers and theaters	1 for every 4 persons based on occupancy load or seats (if fixed)
Post offices	1 for each 400 square feet of gross floor area
Private clubs	1 for every 4 persons based on occupancy load
Public facilities, including libraries, City Hall, police and fire stations	Shall be determined by the hearing body when granting a special use permit
Schools, including preschool, elementary, junior high, private and parochial schools	1.5 for each staff member plus parking required for any public assembly areas as outlined above
High school	1 for each staff member, 1 for every 10 students, plus parking required for any public assembly areas as outlined above
Manufacturing and industrial uses of all types, except a building used exclusively for warehouse purposes	1 per employee plus 1 per 800 square feet of gross floor area
Warehouses, storage buildings or structures used exclusively for storage purposes, except mini self storage	[1 PER EMPLOYEE PLUS 1 PER 2,000 SQUARE FEET OF GROSS FLOOR AREA] 1 per 1,000 sf (less office space). 1 per 300 sf of office space
Mini self storage	1 space per each 10 storage cubicles equally distributed in close proximity to storage buildings plus 1 space for

	each 50 storage cubicles to be located at the project office
Service or repair shop, including retail store handling exclusively bulky merchandise such as automobiles and furniture	1 for every 400 square feet of gross floor area
Auto wrecking yards	15 spaces for yards less than 10 acres in size and 25 spaces for yards 10 acres and larger in size
Utility and communication establishments without regular on-site employment	1 space
Taverns/restaurants	1 for every 4 persons based on occupancy load

1. In mixed use zones, off-street parking shall include adequate parking stalls to meet the sum of the requirements for the various uses as listed in the required parking table. For example, if a site has office and residential uses, the parking area would need to include the required number of parking spaces for both uses; provided, the director or designee may approve a reduction of up to twenty percent of the required off-street parking spaces, per MMC 18.86.050, when the applicant enters into a joint parking agreement, for use of a cooperative parking facility, in accordance with MMC 18.86.070 and 18.86.080.

Section 24. Amendment of MMC Subsection 18.94.010(A). Monroe Municipal Code Subsection 18.94.010(A), Planning and Zoning – Outline of yards requirements – General exceptions to yard standards – Subsection A, is hereby amended as follows:

A. Cornices, eaves, canopies, sunshades, gutters, chimneys, flues, belt courses, leaders, sills, pilasters, lintels, ornament features, and other similar architectural features, in addition to common mechanical equipment such as air conditioners, heat pumps, and the like, **as well as rainwater harvesting systems**, may project not more than two feet into a required setback or into required open space as established by coverage standards.

Section 25. Amendment of MMC Subsection 20.05.080(6). Monroe Municipal Code Subsection 20.05.080(6), Environment – Critical Areas – Wetland development standards – Subsection 6, is hereby amended as follows:

6. Trails. Public and private trails may be allowed within all buffers where it can be demonstrated in a critical areas report that the wetland and wetland buffer functions and values will not be degraded by trail construction or use. Trail planning, construction, and maintenance shall adhere to the following criteria:

a. Trail alignment shall follow a path beyond a distance from the wetland edge equal to seventy-five percent of the buffer width except as needed to access viewing

platforms. Trails may be placed on existing levees or railroad grades within these limits;

b. Trails shall be constructed of pervious materials. The trail surface shall meet all other requirements, including water quality standards set forth in the stormwater manual adopted in MMC Section 15.01.025~~[THE WASHINGTON STATE DEPARTMENT OF ECOLOGY STORM WATER MANAGEMENT MANUAL FOR WESTERN WASHINGTON, AUGUST 2001 OR AS REVISED]~~;

c. Trail alignment shall avoid trees in excess of six inches in diameter of any tree trunk at a height of four and one-half feet above the ground on the upslope side of the tree;

d. Trail construction and maintenance shall follow the U.S. Forest Service Trails Management Handbook (FSH 2309.18, June 1987) and Standard Specifications for Construction of Trails (EM-7720-102, June 1984 or as revised);

e. Access trails to viewing platforms within the wetland may be provided. Trail access and platforms shall be aligned and constructed to minimize disturbance to valuable functions of the wetland or its buffer and still provide enjoyment of the resource;

f. Buffer widths shall be increased, where possible, equal to the width of the trail corridor, including disturbed areas; and

g. Equestrian trails shall provide measures to assure that runoff from the trail does not directly discharge to the wetland.


Section 26. Severability. Should any section, paragraph, sentence, clause or phrase of this ordinance, or its application to any person or circumstance, be declared unconstitutional or otherwise invalid for any reason, or should any portion of this ordinance be pre-empted by State or federal law or regulation, such decision or pre-emption shall not affect the validity or enforceability of the remaining portions of this ordinance or its application to other persons or circumstances.

Section 27. Effective Date. This ordinance shall be in full force and effect five (5) days from and after its passage and approval and publication as required by law.

PASSED by the City Council and APPROVED by the Mayor of the City of Monroe, at a regular meeting held this 6th day of December, 2016.

First Reading: November 15, 2016
Adoption: December 6, 2016
Published: December 13, 2016
Effective: December 18, 2016

CITY OF MONROE, WASHINGTON:

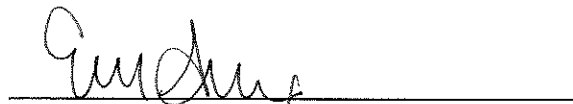


Geoffrey Thomas, Mayor

(SEAL)

ATTEST:

APPROVED AS TO FORM:



Elizabeth M. Smoot, MMC, City Clerk



J. Zachary Lell, City Attorney